

ESTABLISHED JUNE 23, 1862—VOL. 38.

PORTLAND, MAINE, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 22, 1900.

[ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.]

PRICE THREE CENTS.

SYRUP OF FIGS



ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER
AND BOWELS
CLEANSSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS EFFECTUALLY
COLD, HEADACHES
OVERCOMES & FEVERS
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION
ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS
TO GET PERMANENTLY

BUY THE GENUINE—MADE BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. NEW YORK, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. BOTTLES 50c. 75c. \$1.00.

Carpets Cleaned.

Dusted and Steamed, Moths and Microbes Killed.

OREN HOOPER'S SONS.**MAINE ARTIFICIAL STONE CO.**

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Portland Cement Goods. Office 117 Kennebec street, opposite P. & R. depot. Estimates given on Artificial Stone Sideswalks, Driveways, Floors, etc. Cement Garden Borders furnished and set; also Common Cement Cellar Floors. All work done at lowest prices and satisfaction guaranteed.

A. W. HIGGINS, ROBERT LUCAS.

ANDERSON, ADAMS & CO.,**Fire Insurance Agency**

31 Exchange Street.

First Class American and Foreign Companies

HOMER ANDERSON, CHAS. C. ADAMS, deols

THOS. J. LITTLE, 1p edit

DON'TUse **PILOID** unless you have Piles, but if you ARE troubled, get a box of your druggist at once.

IT WILL CURE YOU.

mySTuTh1stp

CAUCUS.

The Republicans of Calumet are requested to meet at the Town House on Thursday the 24th of May, at 4.30 o'clock in the afternoon to choose three delegates to attend the Republican County Convention to be held in Portland, June 14th. Also to choose delegates to the State Convention to be held in Bangor, June 27th.

Per Order, **TOWN COMMITTEE.****CAMP FIRE TO HARRY WESSINGER**

Bosworth Post, G. A. R., is to have a grand camp fire Friday evening following Memorial Day in honor of Col. Henry Wessinger, who will be present and take part in the festivities.

DEATH OF AGED STAGE DRIVER.

Littleton, N. H., May 21.—Damon Y. Clark, one of the oldest White Mountain stage drivers, of whom but one or two now remain, died at his home in this town this morning at the age of seventy-three.

"THE ACADEMIE DE MEDICINE OF FRANCE**HAS PLACED****Apollinaris**

("THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS.")

At the Head of All the Waters

Examined for Purity and Freedom from Disease Germs."

CAN DO NOTHING.

Boer Delegates Turned Down.

Kindly Received by State Dept.

But Told That No Interference Is Possible.

United States Will Remain Neutral.

Secretary Hay Makes Statement Through Press.

Washington, May 21.—The State Department has met the issue raised by the coming to Washington of the Boer delegation by declining to interfere in behalf of the South African republics in the present struggle. In view of this announcement all questions as to the character of the recognition to be extended to the delegates and the sufficiency of their credentials dropped at once into the background. It was, after all of little moment whether or not the Boers were received as diplomatic agents or ministers, so long as they were powerless to promote the prime object of their mission, namely cause the United States government to intervene in the present struggle.

The meeting between the delegates and Secretary Hay was brought about in the simplest manner. General O'Brien had secured from the department last Saturday, a promise to entertain any credentials that might be presented today. This morning a note came to the state department from the delegates, asking that they be permitted to present themselves at the department. A prompt acquiescence was returned by Secretary Hay and at 2.30 the three delegates appeared. They were unaccompanied and William Gwynn, the secretary's messenger, having been so instructed, showed the callers at once into the diplomatic room. Secretary Hay, accompanied by Mr. Babcock, his private secretary and stenographer, entered the diplomatic room and cordially greeted his visitors. Just what passed between them will probably never be exactly known for when the meeting was over, after lasting an hour, the Boers in departing stated to a number of anxious newspaper men that they had, and would have, nothing to say as to what happened. For his part, the Secretary of State was more communicative, but before making any statement, made his way to the White House and consulted with the President. Then he gave out through his secretary the following statement:

Messrs. A. Fischer, C. M. Wessels and Mr. A. D. W. Wolmarans, the delegates in this country of the South African republics, called today by appointment at the State Department. They were cordially received and remained with the Secretary for more than an hour. They laid before the Secretary at much length and with great energy and eloquence the merits of the controversy in South Africa and the desire of the Boer republics that the United States should intervene in the interest of peace and use its influence to that end with the British government.

The Secretary of State made the following reply:

"The President in his message to the Congress, last December, said: 'This government has maintained an attitude of neutrality in the unfortunate contest between Great Britain and the Boer states of Africa. We have remained faithful to the precept of avoiding entangling alliances as to affairs not of our direct concern. Had circumstances suggested that the parties to the quarrel would have welcomed any kindly expression of the hope of the American people that war might be averted, good offices would have been gladly tendered.'

"As the war went on the President, while regretting the suffering and sacri-

fices endured by both of the combatants could do nothing but preserve a strict neutrality between them. This he has steadily and consistently done, but there never has been a moment when he would have neglected any favorable occasion to use his good offices in the interests of peace.

"On the tenth of last March, we received from Mr. Hay, the United States consul at Pretoria, this telegram: 'I am officially requested by the governments of the republics to urge your intervention with a view to cessation of hostilities. Same request made to representatives of European powers.'

"The President at once directed me to convey the substance of this telegram to the British government and in communicating this request, I was directed by him to express his earnest hope that a way to bring about peace might be found and to say that he would be glad to aid in any friendly manner to promote so happy a result. The government was at the same time informed of the President's action in the matter. Our representative in London promptly communicated the President's instruction to Lord Salisbury. In answer he was requested to thank the President for the friendly interest shown by him and Lord Salisbury added that Her Majesty's government could not accept the intervention of any power. This communication also was immediately transmitted to our consul at Pretoria to be communicated to the President of the South African republic.

So far as we are informed, the United States was the only government in the world of all those approached by the South African republics which tendered its good offices to either of the combatants in the interest of cessation of hostilities.

"As allusion has been made to The Hague convention and as action has been suggested, based upon that instrument, it may be as well to quote a phrase from Article III, which states: 'Powers stranger to the dispute may have the right to offer good offices or mediation even during the course of hostilities,' and Article V, which says: 'The functions of the mediator are at an end when once it is declared, either by one of the parties to the dispute or by the mediator himself, that the means of reconciliation proposed by him are not accepted.'

"This would seem to render any further action of the United States undesirable under existing circumstances.

"The steps taken by the President in his earnest desire to see an end to the strife which caused so much suffering may already be said to have gone to the extreme limit permitted to him. Indeed, if in his discretion, he had chosen not to present to England the South African request for good offices, he might have justified his action by referring to the following declaration which was made in the very act of signing the treaty by the plenipotentiaries of the United States: 'Nothing contained in this convention shall be so construed as to require the United States of America to depart from its traditional policy of not intruding upon, interfering with or entangling itself with questions of policy or internal administration of any foreign state, nor shall anything contained in the said convention be construed to imply a relinquishment by the United States of America of its traditional attitude toward purely American questions.'

FINLEY ARRESTED

For Complicity With Goebel Murder.

Arrest Made In Indianapolis.

Gov. Mount Refused to Honor Requisition.

Supreme Decides In Favor of Beckham

And Taylor's Soldiers Evacuate State Grounds.

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Frankfort, Ky., May 21.—Governor Beckham tonight received the following telegram:

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FOR BECKHAM.

Decision of the Supreme Court in Kentucky Case.

Frankfort, Ky., May 21.—Fire bells were rung and wild demonstrations occurred on the streets on the part of the Democrats when the news of the decision came from Washington. The decision means that there will be the hottest election in Kentucky for Governor next November that was November that was ever known in the commonwealth. Beckham, as Lieutenant Governor, became the chief executive on the death of Goebel on February 8 and under the law can only serve until the election of his successor at the next election. It is believed Beckham will be the Democrat's nominee and former Governor Taylor, the Republican nominee.

The President sympathizes heartily in the sincere desire of all the people of the United States that the war now afflicting South Africa may for the sake of both parties engaged, come to a speedy close, but having done his full duty, in preserving a strictly neutral position between them and in seizing the first opportunity that presented itself for tendering his good offices in the interests of peace, he feels that in the present circumstances, no course is open to him except to persist in the policy of impartial neutrality. To deviate from this would be contrary to all our traditions and all our national interests and would lead to consequences which neither the President nor the people of the United States could regard with favor.

Lord Pauncefote called at the State Department, while the Boers were consulting with Secretary Hay. He was shown into the diplomatic reception room and there displaced General O'Brien, who also had been waiting to see Secretary Hay. The ambassador was not kept long for in the course of five minutes the Boers left and he was admitted.

METHODISTS TAKE 16TH BALLOT.

Chicago, May 21.—Debate on the report of the committee on itinerancy concerning the removal of the time limit on pastorate, was resumed today in the Methodist general conference immediately after the taking of the thirteenth ballot for bishops. Rev. F. W. Warne, pastor of the English church of Calcutta and Rev. E. W. Parker, president of the Epworth League of India, were chosen as additional missionary bishops in the Orient.

The result of the sixteenth ballot as it was unofficially given out tonight, follows:

Whole number of votes cast, 657; necessary for a choice, 438; David H. Moore, 426; J. W. Hamilton, 413; J. R. Day, 193.

MR. MORSE DIDN'T SHOW UP.

New York, May 21.—The examination in the case of W. R. Hearst against the American Ice Co. was begun this afternoon before Magistrate Zeller in police court. President Charles W. Morse was absent and the magistrate was apparently annoyed. "If the complainant makes a prima facie case I will hold these defendants to the grand jury," he said. The case was adjourned after several witnesses were heard.

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CLOSE TO VAAL.

British Within 40 Miles of Johannesburg.

Migration From Pretoria Has Begun.

Details of the Relief of Mafeking Coming Through.

Expedition Devised By Gen. Hunter.

Relief Was Daringly Executed By Col. Mahon.

London, May 22.—3.15 a. m.—British horsemen, according to a despatch from Lourenço Marques, are now close to the Vaal river, within forty miles of Johannesburg.

The migration from Pretoria has begun. Women and children are being sent in trains to Machadodorp on the way to Lydenburg. Trains are leaving Lourenço Marques filled with passengers among whom are many Germans who are bound for Europe. Some details of Col. Mahon's Mafeking relief expedition are now coming through from wayside points. It was one long rush to Mafeking.

A correspondent with General Hunter telegraphs as follows from Fourteen streams:

"Col. Mahon's relieving column left Barkley West under secret orders May 11. The Boers marched on the right flank of the British and a strange race followed. Mahon pressing toward Mafeking with the utmost speed consistent with keeping the force in condition, and the Boers hurrying parallel in an effort to pass him, and to throw themselves across his path.

"The Boers succeeded. Mahon then turned west during the night. The Boers followed, overtook and attacked him in the bush, but were beaten off." Then as Lord Roberts wired, Col. Mahon and Col. Plumer united forces at Jammabisi May 15, and Mafeking was relieved three days later under conditions not known here.

A correspondent of the Daily Express says: "General Hunter devised and guided the relief which was daringly executed by Col. Mahon."

The last message from the relief was dated at Majanambili, May 11. It says:

"The column left Vryburg yesterday, did nineteen miles and outspanned at 2 a. m. No fires were allowed. We started at dawn today and trekked here."

MAFEEKING RELIEVED MAY 17.

London, May 21, 2.22 p. m.—The following despatch from Sir Alfred Milner, the British high commissioner in South Africa, to the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain was received at 1.30 p. m. today:

"Barton telegraphs from Taunaga that Mafeking was relieved May 17.

"Milner."

KRUGER HASN'T PROPOSED PEACE

London, May 21, 2.25 p. m.—There is no truth in the report that President Kruger has sued for peace, and no communication from him on the subject is expected in the immediate future.

DEFENCE OF JOHANNESBURG.

Lourenço Marques, May 21.—The defence works of Johannesburg are progressing rapidly. Six guns brought from the front have been placed in a fort while Schanzen and trenches intersect Katz rand near Kipriviersberg behind the race course.

BADEN-POWELL TO BE PROMOTED.

London, May 21.—The official confirmation of the relief of Mafeking does away with the lingering doubts which existed in the minds of a few people who have got into the habit of believing nothing but the war office despatches. With belated enthusiasm that office hoisted its flag on receipt of the official telegram and the crowd cheered. It is announced that Col. Baden-Powell will be made a major general.

Mafeking was actually relieved by Colonel B. T. Mahon, who served in the Dongola and Nile expeditions with General Kitchener.

ENTERED MAY 18.

London, May 21.—9.35 p. m.—The following despatch has been received from Lord Roberts at the war office:

"Kroonstad, May 21.—The following is from Hunter: 'Mafeking is relieved. Mahon entered it May 18.'

SUICIDE IN BELFAST.

Belfast, May 21.—Isaac Mattson, a well known resident of the town of Belmont, committed suicide this afternoon with a razor. He was 86 years old.

SETTLED WITH GRANITE CUTTERS

Waldoboro, Me., May 21.—W. S. White, the Rockland manager for Booth Bros. & Hurricane Island Granite company, settled with the Waldoboro branch of the National Stone Cutters union today, the strike coming to an end with the eight hour day and a thirty-five cent minimum hourly wage, the agreement to cover five years.

WAS BORN IN SAGO.

Boston, May 21.—Henry G. Nichols of the law firm of Nichols & Cobb, died today at his home on Beacon street, after an illness lasting about four months. He was 45 years old and was born at Saco, Me.

TOOK DAMS AND BRIDGES.

Bangor, May 21.—The high water carried away three dams, a bridge and damaged other property at Lincoln Sunday and today, estimated at \$20,000. The Katahdin Pulp & Paper company's plant was badly crippled and will be unable to resume operations before the first of next month.

MAKES BOWDOIN FOURTH.

Boston, May 21.—As a result of the bicycle races at Charles River park the standing in the inter-collegiate championships is: Williams 33 2-3; Brown 29 2-5; Bowdoin 25; Dartmouth 29 2-3; M. I. T. 11 2-3; U. of M. 8; Amherst 5 2-3 Wesleyan; 2-3 points.

Waitt and Bond's BLACKSTONES.

Good Tobacco, Like Wine, Improves With Age.

We have kept the cream of our Fine Old Havana, bought before the war, refusing all offers to sell at a high price.

We are now working this stock, and if you are one of the few who do not smoke Blackstone Cigars, try one, it is the best 10c Cigar on the market.

QUALITY COUNTS.

Wedgewood Ware.

Our first package of imported Holiday goods just received containing a large variety of German ware in Plaques, in three sizes, Bon Bon Dishes, Hair Receivers, Candle Sticks, Jardiniers, etc. All of moderate price. We have also the real Wedgewood, in Jardiniers, Jugs, Sugars and Creamers, Chocolate Pots, Cracker Jars, etc.

Burbank, Douglass & Co.

BETTER SHOES IN DEMAND.

More men and women than ever are purchasing the finest shoes. There is a prodigious supply of excellent material and good workmanship about a five dollar shoe that customers are not slow in discovering.

Still more people are buying three dollar and three dollar fifty shoes than before and purchasers of these shoes formerly wore a cheaper article.

See our line of Havana's shoes: For Men's wear, Russia Calf for \$5.00; Vic Kid, \$5.00; Velor, \$5.00; Patent Leather, \$5.50. For Ladies' wear, Oxford's at \$3.50; Kid, either button or lace, \$5.00. For Children's wear, Russia or Kid, button or lace, on Orthopedic last at \$1.50.

CENTER & McDOWELL,

539 Congress Street.

BROWN BLOCK. may19d1stp

THE ONLY BIG

thing ever told about Geo. Washington was his using the lit is his belt. Don't tempt your boys, but put your hatchet on a high shelf and teach them that it is foolish to have anything with wood. BENSON'S ALWAYS READY CHARCOAL is much better.

BIG BAG 10c at all grocers.

(TALK No. 190.)

Ten Years' Pain

"I am a school teacher, have suffered agony monthly for ten years."

"My nervous system was a wreck. I suffered with pain in my side and had almost every ill known. I had taken treatment from a number of physicians who gave me no relief."

"One specialist said no medicine could help me, I must submit to an operation."

"I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, stating my case, and received a prompt reply. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and followed the advice given me and now I suffer no more. If any one cares to know more about my case, I will cheerfully answer all letters."—MISS EDNA ELLIS, Hingham, Ohio.

OCEAN PARK MEETINGS.

Programme of the Free Baptist and Chautauqua Assemblies.

[SPECIAL TO THE PRESS.]

Ocean Park, May 21.—The general assembly committee, of which Mrs. S. A. Porter of Peabody, Mass., is chairman, has arranged an especially attractive programme for the Free Baptist and Chautauqua assemblies this season. The former assembly will begin July 26, and continue till Sept. 1. The Chautauqua programme will begin Aug. 1.

The red letter events of the season are: July 26, reunion and opening exercises; Aug. 1, assembling of Chautauquans; Aug. 8, opening of Biblical Institute; Aug. 4, annual meeting of the Ocean Park Association and the Educational Bureau of Ocean Park; Aug. 8, Children's day; Aug. 10, Chautauqua Recognition day; Aug. 15, White Mountain excursion day; Aug. 16, opening of woman's convention; Aug. 18, Free Baptist Woman's Missionary Society meeting; Aug. 20, Ocean Park Improvement day; Aug. 21, Young People's day; Aug. 22, Guild day; Aug. 23, Young Woman's Christian Temperance Union day; Aug. 24, Maine Woman Suffrage day; Aug. 27, Free Baptist Mission day; Aug. 28, Storer day; Aug. 29, meeting of general conference board; Sept. 1, close of the assembly.

The Ocean Park officials this year are: President, Lindley M. Webb of Portland; secretary, E. E. Davis of Augusta; treasurer, B. F. Haley of Newfield, N. H.; directors, L. M. Webb, E. E. Davis, B. F. Haley, George Goodwin, B. C. Jordan, C. A. Milliken, Lewis Dexter, C. E. Estes, C. A. Milliken, M. A. Small and Franklin Metcalf; committee on public buildings, C. F. Buzzell, J. B. Davis and E. E. Davis; local committee, E. D. Wade, George Goodwin and B. C. Jordan; transportation committee, L. Jordan; committee on entertainment, L. Dexter, C. A. Milliken, B. F. Haley; finance committee, L. M. Webb, B. C. Jordan, C. A. Milliken; children's day committee, C. L. Pinkham, C. A. Milliken, L. Dexter.

The board of instruction includes: Prof. H. Parinon, Rev. Dr. N. T. Whitaker, Prof. J. E. Aborn, Miss S. D. Porter and Miss D. Martin. The assembly counselors are: Rev. Dr. R. S. McArthur, Rev. Dr. Asa Dalton, Rev. Dr. A. E. Dunning, Hon. George F. Mosher, Rev. Dr. S. C. Boone, Rev. Dr. Martin Summerbell, Rev. Dr. B. F. Trueblood, Rev. Dr. N. T. Whitaker, Mrs. L. M. Stevens and Mrs. E. B. Cheney.

The platform talent will include: Rev. Dr. Kerr Boyce Tupper, Rev. Dr. G. M. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Labadie, Frank E. Baker, Albert Armstrong, Prof. W. D. MacClintock, Rev. Dr. C. A. Bickford, Rev. Dr. A. T. Salley, Prof. J. E. Aborn, the Apollo quartette, Mrs. V. W. Lowe, Miss Phena Brown, Miss M. L. Morse, Arthur Cole, A. N. Alexander, Charles Murry, Freedom L. Estes, Miss Sadai P. Porter, Miss Eda L. Nichols, James P. Coombs, Mrs. Gertrude Stevens Leavitt, Rev. C. R. Flanders, Master Gerald Lambert, Prof. H. Parinon, Rev. Dr. N. T. Whitaker, Mrs. Mabel L. Todd, Miss Mary S. McCobb, Mrs. George S. Hunt, Mrs. Carrie C. Catt, Mrs. E. H. Bigelow, R. M. Lawrence, Rev. A. B. Howard, Mrs. L. M. Stevens, Mrs. L. M. P. Durgin, Rev. Ellen A. Copp, Rev. E. Leshner.

TRAIN DELAYED.

The 10:40 train from Boston last evening was three hours late on account of a freight wreck near Portsmouth.

The safest and surest cure known for Biliousness and Sick Headache and Constipation, all Liver and Bowel Complaints.

Parsons' Pills

ONE PILL IS A DOSE.

They make new, rich blood, prevent and cure Skin Eruptions and Blemishes. Enclosed in glass vials. Postpaid—25 cents a bottle; 50 for \$1.00.

I. S. JOHNSON & COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

STATUS OF BOER ENVOYS.

Pyrotechnic Discussion in Senate.

Resolution to Admit Them to Senate Floor Defeated.

Post Office Supply Bill Passed.

Motion to Take Up Canal Bill Fails of Adoption.

Washington, May 21.—The Boer question came up in the Senate this afternoon on the resolution of Mr. Allen to admit the Boer representatives to the floor of the Senate. Senators Allen and Mason made pro-Boer speeches on the resolution. Senators Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, delivered a vigorous speech on the question of the Boer representatives.

He said their mission was well understood and known. They had, however, proceeded in a manner irregular and highly improper. Mr. Davis said he did not want to discourage sympathy of the American people with the Boers, but these representatives had been taking an unwise course, premature and undiplomatic. Before presenting their case to this government, they were going about the country attending public meetings and attempting to enlist the people of the United States to bring pressure to influence the action of the government.

Mr. Davis moved to lay the Allen resolution on the table was carried 36 to 21.

The vote on the Davis motion to lay the Allen Boer resolution on the table was as follows: Yeas—Allison, Baker, Bard, Burrows, Clark of Wyoming, Davis, Fairbanks, Foster, Gallinger, Gear, Hanna, Hough, Hawley, Hoar, Keen, Kyle, Lindsay, Lodge, McBride, McComas, McMillin, Morgan, Nelson, Panrose, Perkins, Pettus, Platt of Connecticut, Platt of New York, Charles, Ross, Scott, Sewell, Shoup, Stewart, Thurston, Wolcott—36.

Nays, Allen, Bacon, Bate, Berry, Butler, Caffery, Clay, Cockrell, Daniel, Harris, Hatfield, Jones of Arkansas, Kenny, Mason, Morrey, Pettigrew, Rawlins, Teller, Vest, Wellington—21.

After the Boer resolution was disposed of the post office appropriation bill was taken up.

Senator Tillman of South Carolina took the floor and continued the discussion of the Boer question notwithstanding the protests of Senator Wolcott, in charge of the post office bill.

Mr. Sullivan of Massachusetts offered a resolution directing the secretary of the treasury to inform the Senate whether volunteer officers and men in the late war with Spain were paid twice for the same service. Referred to the committee on military affairs. The resolution offered on Saturday by Mr. Allen of Nebraska, extending to the Boer delegates the privileges of the floor of the Senate was advocated by Mr. Allen.

Mr. Davis of Minnesota, opposed the resolution.

"Did we not last year admit to the floor of the Senate," inquired Mr. Tillman "the foreign members of the joint high commission?"

Mr. Davis replied that the Canadian commissioners had been admitted to the floor of the Senate, "but" he said, "there was no such question then pending between Great Britain and the United States as that which has brought these gentlemen here to state their cases to the government and to the American people. Mr. Mason in supporting the resolution said while the President had the power to recognize and receive diplomatic representatives of foreign governments it was within the power of the Senate alone to determine who should be admitted to its floor. Mr. Teller said we have already recognized the South African republics and had sent diplomatic representatives to them. Mr. Davis said he did not know that anybody ever had denied the South African republics were independent countries. "But that is not the question," said he. "It is a fact that neither of these states has ever before attempted to send diplomatic representatives to the United States. It is also a fact that the United States has never sent diplomatic representatives to them."

"It has sent consuls," interjected Mr. Tillman.

"That is just the mistake the Senator makes," replied Mr. Davis. "A consul is not a diplomatic officer."

Mr. Davis said:

"Without attempting to disparage the efforts of the gentlemen without attempting to detract from the sympathy that may be expressed for them, I feel bound to say that they have proceeded in a manner entirely irregular and premature. Before they have been received by the President they have appeared in public meeting and have stated the object of their mission and that they desire to gain the sympathy and good offices of this government and seek to create public opinion to influence the action of the government."

Mr. Davis said he did not intend to bring into this question the merits of the war between Great Britain and the South African states and cut off debate by moving to lay the resolution on the table.

The motion was agreed to 36 to 21.

Consideration of the post office appropriation bill was resumed but Mr. Till-

man announced that he proposed to speak on the Boer question. He recalled in sarcastic vein the reception of Kossuth not only by the people of the United States, but also by the people of Great Britain. He had some newspaper clippings read upon this point and then declared the voting down of the resolution was "a cowardly truckling to British influence."

"No man," said Mr. Hoar, "has a more hearty admiration for the Boer republics or a greater sympathy for their gallant fight than I have. It is the best fighting done on this planet since Thermopylae, and no fighting has been done in a holier cause. But this is a diplomatic mission. Under our constitution and custom, the function of recognizing and receiving diplomatic agents belongs primarily to the President. If we admit to the floor of the Senate these gentlemen in their official capacity, we are extending to their recognition by the Senate as representatives of a government not recognized by the President."

The amendment of Mr. Lodge to the post office appropriation bill for the appropriation of \$25,000 to carry out existing contracts for the pneumatic service, the service not to be extended until Congress had taken further action, was then agreed to, 38 to 20. The bill passed without division.

Mr. Morgan moved consideration of the Nicaragua canal bill, which motion would displace the unfinished business. The motion was defeated 31 to 28.

After a brief executive session, the Senate at 6:55 p. m. adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, May 21.—The House today under suspension of the rules passed two important bills reported by the committee on labor; one to extend the eight hour law to all laborers employed under contract on governmental work and the other to prohibit interstate traffic in prison made goods by bringing them under the jurisdiction of the police powers of the state. The former bill is designed to carry the law of 1892 to its logical conclusion. The convict labor bill caused some sharp inquiries from members from southern states where prison labor is employed in the fields and in the mines but upon assurances that it would not interfere with the production of coal, cotton or lumber, the opposition was not pressed.

Mr. Payne offered a resolution calling for the adjournment of Congress on June 6.

WORST IN YEARS.

St. Croix hasn't been so high for quarter of century.

Calais, May 21.—The five days of rain has brought the heaviest flood in the St. Croix river seen for years, even as long as a quarter century. Saw mills and cotton mills have shut down and there is fear that property destruction will be serious, especially if the upper dams which hold back great areas of water should not prove strong enough. The foundation of a part of H. F. Easton & Sons' mill at Milltown, N. B., was washed out this afternoon, much machinery being thrown into the river. The railway which runs into the mill yard was also torn up. Electric car traffic on the upper bridge has been stopped until the water ceases to rise.

BULKHEAD WASHED OUT.

Fairfield, May 21.—Owing to the recent rains the water in the Kennebec river is very high. This morning twenty feet of the bulkhead below the S. A. Nye mill, near the old sluiceway was washed out. It will take five or six weeks to replace it.

A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

Stow, Mass., May 21.—Peter Larsen, a Swedish farm hand employed by Henry Gates, whose place is about two miles from Stow, on the road to Bolton, was assaulted early this morning while at work in the barn, by Charles Howard, who formerly worked for Gates, with an axe and so badly injured that a physician gives no hope that he will recover. The motive to which the crime is attributed is ill-feeling cherished by Howard against Larsen, who was hired to take the place on the farm, made vacant a few days ago by the discharge of Howard.

Bolton, Mass., May 21.—Charles Howard, who committed a murderous assault upon Peter Larsen, a Swedish farm hand at Stow this morning, was arrested here late this afternoon by State Detective Burnham and an officer from Boston. He was removed to Concord jail. His victim is not expected to survive the assault.

KENNEBEC AT FRESHET PITCH.

Gardiner, May 21.—The rain of the past week and the melting snows in the northern woods have overflowed the streams and brooks emptying into the Kennebec until the river is at freshet pitch.

The wharves here are submerged. The river men say that the current in the river is very swift and any attempts at navigation or changing of the shipping in port would be hazardous work. Lumbermen are experiencing considerable difficulty in making up their rafts. The Berlin Mills company has 300,000 feet of logs in the Hallowell boom which they had been trying to get into rafts to get to the Farmingdale mill before the Dead river drives should arrive. They have been forced to suspend operations owing to the high water.

F. T. Bradstreet, president of the Kennebec Log Driving company, who has just returned from Moosehead lake, reported all the Kennebec drives hung up on account of the great rise in the river in that section.

PERUNA

MAKES GOOD BLOOD

STRONG NERVES

AND RESTORES ROBUST HEALTH.

LEWIS WAS EASY

And Boston Continues to Get Along Without Winning.

St. Louis, May 21.—St. Louis had no trouble connecting with Lewis in the first three innings and they had the game won before the visitors got started. Bailey took Lewis' place and did no better. The score:

St. Louis,	1	4	1	1	0	1	9	x—11
Boston,	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Base hits—St. Louis, 16; Boston, 2. Errors—St. Louis, 2; Boston, 6. Batters—Lewis, Powell and Criger; Lewis, Bailey and Clark.

At Chicago—Philadelphia, 2; Chicago, 1. At Cincinnati—New York, 4; Cincinnati, 3. At Pittsburgh—Brooklyn, 7; Pittsburgh, 5.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia,	16	77	.090
Brooklyn,	15	11	.025
Chicago,	15	11	.027
Pittsburg,	14	19	.528
St. Louis,	13	11	.542
Cincinnati,	10	13	.435
New York,	7	16	.304
Boston,	5	16	.238

At Philadelphia—Harvard, 9; Pennsylvania, 5.

QUARTER OF MILLION.

Money for Purchase of Cushing's Island Appropriated By Congress.

[SPECIAL TO THE PRESS.]

Washington, May 21.—The fortifications appropriation bill was finally agreed to in the house late this afternoon, the appropriation of about \$250,000 for buying land on Cushing's island, Portland harbor, being a part of the bill in its final form. There has been some opposition to this feature of the bill on the part of interests on the island that feared an adverse effect from government purchase and the opposition effected nothing and the purchase plan has now become assured.

DIED AND TOLD NOTHING.

Boston, May 21.—The investigation of the police into the case of Ella Mand Hunley of Gloucester, who died last night at the home of her aunt, at 159 Walcott street, Forest Hill, under suspicious circumstances, has resulted thus far in the officers having located the driver of the hack that carried the unfortunate girl to her aunt's house. His name is Daniel Omlinski and he is employed by Norvinsky Brothers, at 38 Charlton street.

Omlinski described his male passenger as about 28 years old and of light complexion. The girl at first denied that she had an operation performed. She admitted it before her death, but absolutely refused to give any names and died without disclosing the identity of anyone involved in the case.

RAILROAD HEARING POSTPONED.

Augusta, May 21.—The hearing on the petition of the directors of the Augusta & Tugus Railway company for approval of their articles of association, before the board of railroad commissioners, Monday forenoon, was adjourned to Tuesday, May 29th. The adjournment was asked for by Messrs. A. M. Spear and A. C. Stilphen, attorneys for the Kennebec Central Railroad company on the grounds that Gen. John M. Brown of Portland, local manager of the National board of managers of the Soldiers Home, could not be present at today's hearing. Gen. Brown is now in New York but will be back in time to attend the hearing the 29th.

TROUBLE IN MINDANAO.

Manila, May 21.—On the first trouble occurring with the Moros in the southern part of Mindanao, at Cottabate, Major Brett sent a detachment to preserve peace at a conference between two quarrelling chiefs. During the conference the tribesmen began shooting. One of the bands fired upon the Americans from an old Spanish fort. The soldiers returned the fire, killing several of the natives but they were unable to take the fort, although a gunboat shelled it. Major Brett is sending a larger body to punish the recalcitrants.

THE BEGINNING OF THE FIGHT.

Washington, May 21.—In response to a request by the President, Gen. Otis has cabled denial that Aguinaldo declared hostilities began accidentally and proposed a neutral zone. On the contrary the Filipino general said that the war had begun and must go on.

EXTERMINATION OF BIRDS.

From the West come reports of the occurrence of small numbers of passenger pigeons. It is to be hoped that the gunners who may see wild pigeons will not forthwith feel prompted to go out and kill as many of them as they can. The thoughtful sportsman can be depended upon to spare this bird, but unhappily many are not thoughtful, and those who are not so are anxious to make sure that the birds they see are really passenger pigeons, or to try the flavor in the pot of these birds, of which they have heard so much, or to have the doubtful glory of having killed the last wild pigeon. The average man has no difficulty in finding excuses for killing.

If for a few years these beautiful birds should be preserved from destruction and should be permitted to increase in peace and quietness, there is a fair prospect that once more the race would become firmly established and that the danger of its extermination would no longer threaten. Already several species of North American birds have been exterminated, and one of them at least by the gun. Surely it is worth while now for each man to hold his hand as to the pigeon, and as to certain other birds which in many localities are yearly growing fewer in number, and to exert what influence he can to persuade others to let them alone. The days of the old pigeon roosts, and the days when from sunrise to sunset, and long after, the sky was blotted with clouds of the passing birds, or streaked with the long lines of their flight, have gone—never to return. But if the men and boys who carry guns can be taught to exercise a reasonable self-control, we may hope in the future still to see from time to time, and to take pleasure in, the flocks of these lovely darting birds.

Each state in the Union should pass a law protecting the passenger pigeon.—Forest and Stream.

SHOOTING AT ST. LOUIS.

Street Car Riots Growing Fiercer.

One Boy Was Killed and Three Men and Girl Wounded.

Rioters Seen to Fall During Fight.

Conductor and Motorman Arrested Pending Investigation.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21.—One boy was killed and three men and a girl were wounded today as a result of the strike.

The dead: Martin Zilk, 15 years of age, struck in the left breast by a bullet fired from a street car.

The wounded: Clarence E. Mullen, motorman, shot in upper portion of left arm; home in Jacksonville, Ill.; wound not serious.

Minnie Krueger, 18 years of age, struck in left thigh by a glancing bullet; not serious.

Two rioters, seen to fall during a fight at 13th and Herbert streets, between a mob of 250 men and the police, carried away by friends and names not learned.

Zilk was shot late in the afternoon while standing in the door of his home in Geyer avenue. A mob of several hundred surrounded a car of the Tower Grove line and were threatening the conductor and motorman. A few stones had been thrown when a shot was fired from the car, the bullet striking Zilk full in the breast. He died within a few minutes.

Conductor Owen Farley and Motorman Drake were arrested pending an investigation.

Farley tonight admitted firing the shot which killed Zilk. He fired, he said, at a man who was preparing to throw a stone at him and the bullet struck Zilk. The four people wounded were all injured near a light which occurred at 5:30 o'clock at the intersection of 13th and Herbert streets. The riot was lively while it lasted fully 100 shots being fired.

A. L. MERRY CO. ASSIGNS.

The A. L. Merry Co., hatters, have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors to E. E. Heckbert, Esq. The liabilities are \$3,000 and the assets about \$5,500.

NEGROES IN LITERATURE.

Within the last two years Daniel Murray of the Congressional Library has been endeavoring to secure a complete list of pamphlets and books by negro authors. This work has been carried on with great thoroughness under the direction of Herbert Putnam, Librarian of Congress. The effort thus made has revealed so much of excellence that has been written and forgotten that a complete bibliography is being prepared for the Paris Exposition as a part of the American exhibit.

In Mr. Murray's preliminary list of books and pamphlets by negro authors there are 1,300 titles and about 1,300 writers. These beginnings have been found mostly in Philadelphia, Boston, New York, Baltimore, and Washington. The pamphlet literature is particularly interesting, as showing to what extent colored men became thinkers and scholars in days when it was a crime to teach negroes to read and write. These people without a country and without favor not only became educated, but what they wrote contributed greatly to the political, religious and social questions of the day. Many of the earlier writers were educated in the West Indies. Much of their writing exhibited excellence of the highest order.

The chief characteristic of nearly all of this early writing by negro authors was seriousness. There was but little fiction, poetry, or humor. How to destroy slavery and bring freedom and equality to the enslaved was the burden of most of the first negro authors. With the conquest of slavery negro authors lost their most inspiring theme. Since that time a very few men and women have gained name and fame as contributors to American literature.

George W. Williams' "History of the American Negro," in two large volumes, is an interesting and valuable compilation. Bishop Payne's "History of the A. M. E. Church," Anna J. Cooper's essays, "A Voice from the South," Frederick Douglass's wonderful autobiography; the more recent publications by Booker T. Washington, Prof. Du Bois, and the lives of Phillips and Sumner, by Archibald Grimke, and the literary productions of Paul Laurence Dunbar and Charles Chestnut are representative of the best things contributed to American literature by negro authors. These later books are what might be called the first productions of the negro in freedom. It is the first literary utterance of the negro who has been to school. It is also prophetic of what may be expected. It is a promise that authorship of a most interesting and valuable kind will develop in the course of the progressive life of the race.—Chicago Times-Herald.

HARPSWELL.

West Harpswell, May 19.—Miss Alice L. Randall of this town and Mr. Alfred W. Doughty of Cumberland were united in marriage Thursday evening, May 10th, at the home of the bride's mother, Rev. J. B. Howel of Bowdoinham, was the officiating clergyman. None but the family and intimate friends were present. Mr. and Mrs. Doughty will reside in Cumberland.

Steamer Geranium was in Harpswell Cove, Friday night; also the fishing schooner Jennie Gilbert from Boothbay Harbor.

Mr. Willard Bailey of this place and Miss Dorra Green of Orr's island, were united in marriage Saturday by Rev. Elijah Kellogg.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Hamilton, Jr., were visiting friends in Chebeague, last week.

Master Willie Richardson from Lewiston is visiting a Mr. William Randall's.

Herbert L. Webster, who serves on the steamer Geranium, is stopping at home for a few days on account of his wife's illness.

EXHIBITION WILL OCCUR.

National Guard Officers Will Not Change the Date.

There was a large crowd at the armory last night to witness the battalion manoeuvres of Companies B, E and L and the Signal Corps and Naval Reserves. Chandler's First Regiment band was present and participated in the drill. First there was a battalion parade by the infantry companies which was followed by a review. Then came a battalion drill under the command of Major Collins, after which the Naval Reserves gave a short artillery drill and a little infantry drill.

The crowd in attendance included a large number of ladies and some distinguished citizens. The companies all turned out with full ranks and made a very creditable appearance.

All of this was in preparation for the military exhibition which is scheduled for the evening of May 28th. Capt. George A. Dow, the agent of the hall on the part of the city, has refused to allow the military companies to have the Auditorium for this evening and has leased it to the Spanish War Service men. The military men and their sympathizers are very much incensed at the position taken by Capt. Dow and are determined to give their military exhibition on May 28th if it has to take place on the street. It will be very severe if this exhibition is forced onto the street, but if Capt. Dow maintains his position that is what will happen. The officers of the National Guard in Portland are determined to have the exhibition whether or no.

Nothing that has been done in recent years has aroused as much interest in military matters in Portland as has this proposed exhibition. Chandler's band in offering its services for this exhibition without cost has won the appreciation of all the military men and their friends and were given an ovation last night at the armory.

HAS HARD LUCK.

Son John of the Sears Family in Trouble.

John Sears, Jr., was born under an unlucky star. Some years ago he got in some kind of a row and had a knife stuck into his left eye with the result that he has worn a glass eye ever since. Last night at the police station Dr. Leighton was called to sew up an ugly wound in John Sears, Jr.'s cheek under the same eye from which the glass optic had been removed.

How John Sears, Jr., obtained this ugly wound it is hard to say. The Sears family has figured about once every month for the past year in police circles. Every once in a while some member of the Sears family pops up with a broken head or a bad cut. So that Dr. Leighton who has done considerable work on this family was not greatly surprised when he found John Sears, Jr., to operate on last night.

Early last evening John Sears and his son Tom came to the police station and complained that John Junior had threatened to kill the old man. The deputy marshal and a policeman went to Greenleaf street and searched Sears' house for son John, but didn't find him. Some time later near midnight the old man complained to Officers Woodsum, McGrath and Moore that son John was home again and making trouble. The officers descended onto the Sears domicile and while Officers McGrath and Moore went to the rear of the house Officer Woodsum went inside. As Woodsum entered the house Mrs. Sears shouted to son John that the "cops" were at hand and son John made a break for a rear window. Woodsum caught son John by the foot just as he was going through the window.

The police officer held onto son John's feet until the two policemen in the backyard got beneath the man when he let go of them. The man dropped one story and struck on his head. It was probably when he came in contact with a big rock at the foot of this window that son John got the bad cut beneath his eye. He claims that he was injured by being struck by a bill in the hands of a police officer but the policemen all deny that they struck the man. Dr. Leighton put son John's injured eye in good shape and then the man was locked up to wait Judge Hill's pleasure.

City Auditor Leroy Sanborn, City Messenger George A. Macgowan, David and George Calhoun, Alderman Elmer G. Gerish and others returned last night from Carry Pond with a fine string of trout.

THE R.S. DAVIS CO.

R. S. DAVIS, E. P. RAMSDALL, F. E. HASKELL.

Pres. Vice Pres. & Man. Treas.

BEGINNING MONDAY, MAY 21, WE

--- SHALL OFFER SPECIAL ---

Cash Bargains

EVERY DAY FOR THE ENTIRE WEEK.

Monday we shall offer our entire line of

JARDINERES

At WHOLESALE PRICES.

Also a full line of

COTTAGE FURNITURE.

See Daily Papers for further Bargains.

108 EXCHANGE ST., The Home of HOME CRAWFORD RANGES.

PUBLIC INTERESTED

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Man With An Appetite



can satisfy it pleasantly, healthfully and cheaply from a box of **Uneeda Milk Biscuit**—the baker's latest effort—a delightful revelation. They have a deliciously rich flavor, yet the most delicate of dyspeptics can safely feast upon them to his heart's content. There's nothing but goodness in



Uneeda Milk Biscuit

At all grocers, in air tight moisture proof packages—5 cents.
Made by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY, makers of
Uneeda Biscuit and Uneeda Junior Wafers

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of **Chas. H. Fletcher** and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

GREAT Dissolution - Sale CLOTHING

Men's Furnishings,

20 MONUMENT SQUARE,

G. D. CUNNINGHAM & CO.,

Beginning Tuesday, May 22,

AT 8.00 A. M.

Men's Suits at \$3.75, worth \$6.00.

Pants \$1.25, worth \$2.50.

Blue Serge Suits \$7.00, regular price \$12.00.

Very Best Worsted Suits, in every grade and style, now

50c ON THE DOLLAR.

This Sale will continue until every article of Clothing and Furnishings is sold.

Come to this Sale. You will get bargains beyond your greatest expectation.

Terms Strictly Cash. If goods do not suit money will be refunded on everything purchased.

G. D. CUNNINGHAM & CO.,

20 Monument Sq.,

OPEN EVENINGS.

my21-dw

DIED IN ELECTRIC CHAIR.

New York, May 21.—Fritz Meyer was put to death in the electric chair at Sing Sing prison at 6:05 o'clock this morning for the murder of Policeman Frederick Smith on the night of October 27, 1897.

DISTINGUISHED COUNSEL

At Hearing on Squire Case in U. S. Court.

Petition to Transfer Jurisdiction From Maine to Mass.

Case Goes to Mass. Court For Decision.

Hon. T. B. Reed, George F. Williams and Others Appear.

Had the roof of the United States court fallen at any time yesterday afternoon after three o'clock it might have blotted out of existence the most imposing array of counsel that has gathered within its walls for years. Not only were some of the ablest lawyers of Portland and vicinity gathered within the bar but there were as well distinguished legal lights from Massachusetts, New York and Boston including the Hon. Thomas B. Reed, George Fred Williams of Dedham and a dozen or more others whose reputations have shed lustre over the political and legal world during the past decade.

The case was that of the Eastern Trust and Banking company and John Cassidy of Bangor, and the Phoenix National Bank of Hartford who petitioned the United States District court of Maine that the John P. Squire company, a corporation organized under the laws of Maine be adjudged bankrupt. This case involves many millions of dollars. It will be remembered that as long ago as last December the John P. Squire company was forced to make a assignment for the benefit of its creditors. Its assets in round numbers amounts to over four millions of dollars with the assets of associated corporations and individuals swelling the amount to two millions more.

There has already been filed in the District court of Massachusetts a petition of involuntary bankruptcy while several intervening petitions were filed in the District court of Maine. Yesterday the case was assigned for a hearing before Judge Nathan Webb and the lawyers came into the city by the dozen to look after the interests of their clients in this most important matter.

The corporation of John P. Squire company, against whom the petition was brought, was represented by Elder, Waite and Whitman of Boston, Goy, H. B. Cleaves, Symonds, Snow and Cook of Portland.

Ex-Speaker Reed associated with Chase E. Hughes of New York and Charles Warren of Boston represented the interests of the Maine Provision and Cold Storage company, John E. Towle & company, the New Hampshire Provision company, the Holyoke Provision and Cold Storage company and the Lake Champlain Provision company, corporations and firms who are allied to the John P. Squire company.

George Fred Williams of Dedham represented the estate of Margaret Kuebler, the Second National Bank of Haverhill, the Somerville National Bank of Somerville, Mass., and John H. Sheridan and J. Emile Kuebler all of whom have filed intervening petitions.

Moorfield Storey of Boston and Hon. C. F. Libby of Portland represented the Old National Bank and others who are creditors of the John P. Squire company.

John C. Coombs of Boston and Mr. Leonard of Boston associated with Clarence Hale, Arthur F. Belcher and Fred Hale of Portland and Brandeis, Nutter and Dunbar of Boston represented the petitioners.

Benjamin Thompson appeared representing Carver & Blodgett of Boston, counsel for John W. Gates of that city and the Broadway National Bank.

Intervening petitions in this case had been filed by Stedman & Redfield of Hartford, Produce Exchange Trust company of New York, Charter Oak National Bank of Hartford and Windham National Bank of Willimantic, Conn., by Bird and Bradley who were associated in this case.

George Fred Williams opened the ball, so to speak, by asking to be heard on a petition transferring the case to the District court of Massachusetts on the ground that the convenience of all parties might be better satisfied there. He argued and pointed out to the court some precedents in bankruptcy rulings whereby this had been done. Hon. T. B. Reed seemed to favor this transfer of the case to Massachusetts on the same grounds and the only dissenting party was John C. Coombs of Boston who argued that the court of Maine had jurisdiction in this matter but it was not known whether the Massachusetts court had it or not. He said that first the John P. Squire company should be adjudged bankrupt and then he would not oppose the transfer of the case.

After long argument which was rendered exceedingly interesting because of the famous counsel who appeared on both sides of the case and who spoke, Judge Webb declined to take action on the matter until the Massachusetts tribunal should dispose of the petitions which are now before it.

Moorfield Storey of Boston said that he and his associates represented 95 per cent of the creditors, and they desire the case transferred to Boston.

"That doesn't influence me a particle," replied Judge Webb. "One creditor is as good as a thousand. It is my decided

opinion that I have nothing to do with the amount of indebtedness. I am here to protect the interests of every creditor, large or small."

The Hon. Thomas B. Reed then briefly addressed the court giving a list of those corporations whose interests he represents.

Judge Webb at this point requested Mr. Williams to read his petition in full, which was done. Some questions were asked by the court in regard to the filing of the first bankruptcy petition in the United States district court in Massachusetts, March 29, and the two intervening petitions. He then renewed his argument for a transfer of the case.

"It does not appear to me now that I have a right to transfer the case," said Judge Webb. "Do you want me to arrest the whole proceedings here and send the case back to Massachusetts?"

Mr. Williams replied that was just what his clients do want. He cited sec. 2, clause 19, of the bankruptcy law which states that courts of bankruptcy may "transfer cases to other courts of bankruptcy," and argued that such action in this case would be for the greatest convenience of the parties in interest.

Mr. Williams further stated that all the attorneys present, with the exception of those representing the petitioners, are in favor of a transfer. It would be much easier for nearly all concerned to have the case heard in Boston.

Mr. Storey said he was in favor of a transfer, and asked if the court would hear further argument in support of Mr. Williams' motion.

"Yes," replied Judge Webb, with a smile, "I will hear a whole regiment of you."

Mr. Reed, whom several of the attorneys had been urging to speak in favor of the motion, went forward to the rail and addressed the court at considerable length. It was the first time he had been heard in court in his native city in more than 20 years, and he was listened to with great interest by his fellow attorneys and the spectators who filled the seats in the rear.

"I will assure the court," he began, with characteristic good nature, "that this particular company of the 'regiment' will not detain you, honor long. But the question raised is one of great importance, both as to law and the matter of adjudicating the rights of many people concerned in this very complex case."

He said that first, there is only a small number of creditors who want bankruptcy proceedings to ensue. The others, whose claims represent about \$3,000,000, are on the opposite side and want the business of John P. Squire & Co. to continue as it is now, in the hands of an assignee. As a going business it is worth \$5,000,000; but as a dismembered business heaven only knows what it would be worth.

Continuing, Mr. Reed said there are good reasons why the case should be passed upon by a tribunal in Boston. That city is closer to the place of business of John P. Squire & Co., is easy of access to a large number of creditors, and to attorneys and witnesses. He believed that if there is any good reason for its transfer, and no law opposed to it, the court ought to grant the motion; it would be criminal error on the part of counsel not to call the attention of the court to that aspect of the case.

He said that in framing the bankruptcy law Congress evidently had in view the fact that many corporations nowadays have their domicile in one state and their principal place of business in another; and the place of business is mentioned first in the law, as though it were of more importance than the domicile.

There are several other petitions pending in the district of Massachusetts, all of them closely allied to this case, and it is important that they be consolidated, for the greatest convenience of the parties concerned.

Mr. Storey followed Mr. Reed, arguing in much the same line. He outlined the conduct of the firm's business, and laid stress on the value of the "good will" of the firm, which would be ruined if the bankruptcy petition is granted, and the affairs of the corporation wound up.

Competitors of John P. Squire & Co. would be glad to get rid of so great a competitor.

Mr. Storey added that if the transfer is to be made at all, it should be made not after adjudication upon the main question has begun, it will be too late to make the transfer. If the corporation should be declared bankrupt, the whole machinery, under the rules of the court, would have to remain here in Maine. The trustee and referee would have to be selected here. It would be much more convenient, in case bankruptcy does ensue, to have the proceedings in Massachusetts.

"Out of the \$5,000,000 of creditors," Mr. Storey added, "the representatives of only \$15,000 are opposed to a continuance of the business under an assignee. The only desire of my clients is to get the most out of their claims; they have no personal interest in the insolvent firm."

Then followed a controversy as to the construction of this clause of the bankruptcy law which reads: "to adjudge persons bankrupt who have had their principal place of business, resided, or had their domicile within their respective territorial jurisdictions for the preceding six months, or the greater portion thereof," etc.

Mr. Storey argued that the only place of business of the insolvent corporation

during the six months preceding the filing of this petition was in Boston.

"What business has this insolvent corporation done during the last six months?" asked Judge Webb. "Doesn't a general assignment put a man out of business?"

Mr. Reed said he believed the new form of bankruptcy law has the same meaning as the old form, but it doesn't seem to fit this particular point as well as the old form.

"The question in my mind," replied the court, "is where, for more than half of the last six months has this corporation done its business?"

Mr. Williams next addressed the court referring to litigation pending in the Massachusetts district court in regard to Frank O. Squire and Frank O. Squire & Co., whose interests were closely allied with those of John P. Squire & Co. If the case now in question is heard in Maine, a question will arise as to the co-operation of the two courts. This, he believed, was another reason why the transfer asked for should be granted.

John C. Coombs of Boston made a lengthy and earnest argument for the petitioners. He said there is no question that the case is properly within the jurisdiction of Maine, and there is a great question whether it could rightly be transferred. Too much stress had been laid on the question of convenience. "The conveniences of the court should also be considered," he added. "In the Massachusetts Judge Lowell refers back to Maine, and practically says that if the Maine court fails to act and turns us out, then he will see what can be done for us, after he returns from his vacation. We stand on our rights and on the law as it was given to us in a proper court in a previous case."

Replying to Mr. Reed's argument, Mr. Coombs said: "The distinguished counsel has referred to the 'going business' of this concern. It is a 'going business,' but it is 'going' the wrong way very fast, and if the present assignee is allowed to run it much longer, there won't be as much left for the creditors as there is now. The business ought to be sold as quickly as it can be, and the money divided among the creditors."

Mr. Coombs said further that John P. Squire & Co. were doing business under half a dozen names, and there is no valid reason why these allied concerns should be considered in their endeavor to stay bankruptcy proceedings.

"The purpose of the clients of Mr. Reed and Mr. Storey is not to have this case adjudicated in Massachusetts at all," said Mr. Coombs. He then referred to a question that had previously been raised as to John P. Squire's title to certain property, and added that he wanted that question settled at once. He wanted to know why the corporation in question hadn't been heard from in this hearing.

George B. Nutter of Boston said if it were merely a question of convenience, he would not object to a transfer, but if Mr. Storey would withdraw that part of his pleading relating to the "six months" there would be no objection to making the district of Massachusetts the battleground.

Mr. Coombs added that nothing short of adjudication in Maine would suit his clients.

Mr. Hale spoke briefly against a transfer of the case.

Samuel J. Elder of Boston, in behalf of the insolvent firm, was in favor of the transfer, but said he supposed the convenience of the insolvent debtors was not of great importance as compared with that of the creditors. He refuted an insinuation of Mr. Coombs that certain creditors of the firm had received from the firm stock that ought to be turned back into the assets.

Mr. Reed replied to Mr. Coombs, saying: "He speaks of the question of convenience and belittles it, as if it were simply a question of sitting down on a hard or soft chair." He then reiterated his statement that 95 per cent of the creditors had agreed to a continuance of the present management; that it can be proven that the business under the assignee is being run at a profit. These petitioners have not been injured by the present arrangement, and they have waited three months before taking advantage of their rights in the matter. The essential factor in the case is to keep their business going. The Maine creditors are not unanimous for an adjudication of the case in this court; some of them prefer that it be taken to Boston. It ought to be as closely congested as possible, because it involves tremendous interests.

Judge Webb said he didn't quite understand the right of transfer. If he should send the case to Massachusetts, and Judge Lowell should decide that it does not belong there, the condition would be worse off than it is now. The question of advantage and convenience is one of considerable importance. The creditors are not the only parties to be consulted; the judges, witnesses and the bankrupts have rights to be considered.

He said that jurisdiction of the Massachusetts district had been denied, but it had also been by the same parties affirmed by implication, if not in expressed terms. A question had been raised on the construction of the statute.

He referred to the prior petition filed in the Massachusetts district court, and said he didn't know under what conditions the delay was caused. In conclusion he said:

Under all the circumstances of the case I must declare that I am not thoroughly convinced whether adjudication should take place here or in Massachusetts, but at present I shall hold the case here till the case in the Massachusetts court is disposed of, either by adjudication or dismissal."

BRIEFLY TOLD.

Ex-Secretary Alger denies that he is interested in any Cuban railroads.

Edwin T. Wright, who was arrested on suspicion of having murdered Desdemona Mae Butler at the home of his parents in Roxbury Saturday night, was discharged in the municipal court at Roxbury Monday morning.

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The first election of the year that will be entitled to much attention as showing how the political winds are blowing will take place in Oregon on June 4. A very vigorous campaign is being waged by both sides, and the outlook is that all previous votes of the state will be greatly exceeded.

The Clark case was again postponed in the Senate yesterday, this time until Thursday. Clark is now out of the Senate by his own resignation, and unless he puts in his credentials and tries to get back again it would seem quite as well to let the matter go over until next winter. As long as he makes no attempt to sneak into the Senate perhaps "It is just as well to let him alone. At any rate it is hardly worth while to postpone important business to take up his case. But if he undertakes to get in he ought to be thrown out with very little ceremony."

The Boer delegates still continue to get plenty of sympathy, but that does not tend to stop Roberts' advance. It would be interesting to know if the delegates had any definite idea when they came here and what it was. Certainly they must have foreseen that popular sympathy here could not do anything of real value for their cause, and they could have had no expectation that our government would interfere officially.

The selection of Mr. Allen as governor of Porto Rico seems to have been a very happy one. The people of the island are greatly taken with him, and his administration bids fair to be eminently successful. And in this connection it can be said that the choice of all the highest officers in our colonial possessions has been fortunate. What mistakes have been made have been in the minor officers, where, naturally, perhaps, not so great care was exercised, and where there was more opportunity for political influence to get in its work. Cuba is a conspicuous example. All the governors-general and governors of districts have turned out well, but some of the minor officials have given rise to serious scandals. A vigorous application of their civil service rules must be the main reliance to avoid these mistakes in the future.

The decision of the United States court affirming the decision of the court of appeals of Kentucky in favor of Beckham settles undoubtedly the governorship controversy in that state in favor of the Democrats. It will be remembered that Taylor, the Republican candidate, was declared elected by the returning board, but the legislature acting under authority given it by the constitution and the notorious Goebel law went behind the canvassing board, giving the governorship to Beckham. This decision was subsequently affirmed by the state court of appeals. Appeal was taken to the United States Supreme Court, Taylor expressing willingness to abide by the decision of that tribunal. There is little doubt that Taylor was fairly elected and entitled to the seat, but the action of the legislature counting him out was within its legal rights. The case is one where a tribunal took advantage of its power to do injustice rather than justice, and there seems to be no way of reversing its action.

The refusal of the Senate to take up the Nicaragua canal bill probably marks the end of that matter for this session. The House passed the bill, but it was generally understood that many voted for it in the expectation that it would be shelved in the Senate, who would not have voted for it had they deemed it likely to become a law. Doubtless public sentiment is overwhelmingly in favor of the building of a canal across the isthmus, but it is not in favor of giving ahead blindly without a thorough survey to determine which is the most practicable route, nor would it sanction the reputation of international engagements while negotiations were progressing favorably looking to an honorable and amicable modification of them. The bill passed by the House violated business principles and swept aside a treaty that the administration had held to be in full force, and these facts constitute solid reasons why it should not become a law.

The statement of the London News that Kruger had "humbly sued for peace" turns out a falsehood. It was an unlikely story on its face, for Kruger is not the man to do anything humbly, and his case though undoubtedly destined to be lost is not yet in extremis. Still sometimes men in the face of disaster act very differently from what they think they will act when yet the disaster is still far off or there is good prospect of averting it. If Kruger lives up to his past proclamations he will seek the last ditch and will not give in until he is absolutely compelled to do so, but the certainty that a continuation of the war means useless waste of life and des-

truction of property may lead him to subordinate his inclinations to the welfare of the people. It is patent to every body not excluding Kruger that the Boers cannot hope to do anything more than delay the advance of the British. British numbers are too overwhelming to permit of effective resistance on the part of the Boers, and in view of this Kruger may yet conclude to surrender without more fighting.

Prof. Goldwin Smith, writing to the New York Sun, expresses the opinion that the aspect of the Boer question has been changed for the worse by Mr. Chamberlain's recent speech at Birmingham. In that speech Mr. Chamberlain told the Boers that upon surrender they would be deprived not only of their independence, but of their political liberties, and governed as a crown colony. Prof. Smith thinks that under Pitt or Peel Mr. Chamberlain would not have been allowed to proclaim his policy upon the platform as that of the government. "I have been 'blamed,' he says, 'for speaking as an Englishman, in the American press of a question which divides my countrymen. But have not many Englishmen and Canadians, some of them in the highest and most responsible positions, done the same? Has not the press of the two countries become practically a common forum? Did not the drawing-rooms of London appeal on this question of the South African war to the drawing-rooms of New York, and did not the drawing-rooms of New York respond to the appeal? We were told that at a charity concert, which was really an anti-Boer demonstration, all the highest society of New York was present. I have been throughout in sympathy and in correspondence with English liberals, men thoroughly patriotic, who are struggling against the war and the tory reaction which attends it. We seem, however, to be coming to an era something like that of the Reformation, when national divisions for the time gave way to that of principle. All the imperialist worshippers of forces are now in a certain sense fellow-citizens; so are all those who, in whatever nation, cleave to righteousness as the foundation of the state. On the campus of Cornell there is a stone seat, the work of British artisans, with the inscription, 'Above all nations is humanity.' Nothing at present seems more threatening to humanity than the spirit which for the moment has got possession of my country.'

CURRENT COMMENT.

HANDWRITING EXPERTS.

(Boston Herald.)
The handwriting experts got another bad setback in the case of a man who has just been paroled out of the Georgia penitentiary by President McKinley, and who had been convicted of the crime of sending objectionable matter through the mails. It appears that this man was convicted by the testimony of two handwriting experts, and after he was sent to the penitentiary, the objectionable letters continued to pass through the mails in the same handwriting. Finding this case, points out how absolutely unreliable the deductions of these experts may be, and the injustice of depending upon such evidence in convicting suspected persons. His point would seem to be well taken, and it might be made to cover other kinds of expert testimony than that relating to the subject of handwriting.

THE INJUNCTION BUSINESS.

(Boston Advertiser.)
While many labor interests are dissatisfied with injunctions as used to further the interests of capital against labor, they might bear in mind the fact that the injunction is a weapon which may be used not merely in the interests of any one party or set of individuals. For example, there is a possibility that if the labor interests so desire, they can cause some embarrassment to the trusts by this weapon. The law of the nation prohibits any restraint of trade in interstate commerce. There is not a large trust in this country which does not restrain trade in interstate commerce. The labor interests could easily secure proof of that fact. Armed with such proof they could go to the federal courts and obtain injunctions against any of the most unpopular trusts. So long as the injunction is a part of the legal processes of the country, it would be far wiser to attempt to use that process than to endeavor to defy it. Gen. Grant was wise when he intimated that the way to get rid of any unjust legal process was not by defying it, but by making such use of it as would discover any special interests that had previously profited by it.

MICROBES IMMUNE TO COLD.

(From the London Express.)
The researches of Prof. Dewar on liquid air are familiar to all who take an interest in the progress of scientific research at large. At a recent Royal Society meeting an interesting communication was made on behalf of Dr. A. Macfaden and Mr. S. Rowland, on the effect of the terrifically low temperature of liquid air on microbes. The aim of the investigators was that of ascertaining whether the germs could survive cold of a degree

Story of a Slave.
To be bound hand and foot for years by chains and disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Balm, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle-working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run-down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by H. P. G. Starr, 577 Congress street and H. G. Starr, Cumberland Mills, Druggist.

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ranging from -183 degrees to -198 Centigrade.
It is, of course, known that many species of microbes can survive being packed in ice, and even higher organisms flourish in the Arctic Circle. Indeed, the extremes of temperature for low forms of life are widely separated, and as it becomes a matter of very practical public interest, as I shall show, to determine where the limits of vitality in this respect are to be found. The very low temperature of liquid air offered a supreme chance to see how microbes comforted themselves under exposure thereto, and so our investigators seized on the opportunity presented them.
Exposed for twenty hours to the liquid air temperature no injury was apparently sustained by the microbes. But in the recent experiments such germs as those of typhoid fever, diphtheria, cholera, and other ailments, along with non-disease producing species, were submitted to the liquid air test for seven days. In addition to the extremely low temperature I must add the microbes in this experiment were subjected to a tremendous mechanical strain.
Then came the question of the effects of both conditions on the vitality of the germs. These results may be summed up in the word nil. Under the microscope they showed no signs of mechanical injury or distortion, and they were as lively—if that term may be applied to denote a condition of vitality—as they were previous to their chilling and cooling experiences.
I have referred to the public interest which attaches to these investigations. To know the limits of germ life is an essential item in the knowledge of the sanitarian when he undertakes to show how infectious diseases caused by microbe action, can be destroyed and prevented from attacking us.
It has long been known that we cannot trust to cold as a disinfecting and germ-killing agency. Cold will check germ growth certainly, a fact we see illustrated by every cargo of Australian mutton that is landed at the docks; but it cannot destroy the microscopic living things that are responsible for inducing disease, and for causing decomposition, putrefaction, and a goodly number of other conditions beneficial and the reverse.
The investigations I have described confirm the sanitary teachings about cold. They also emphasize another little bit of useful information, namely, the difference between a substance that really kills germs and one that merely "scotches" them.
Were the distinction more clearly apprehended by the public we should probably hear less frequently of mysterious outbreaks of epidemics, which probably owe their origin as much to inefficient disinfection as to any other piece of human negligence.

AMAZING RECOVERY.
Young Duryea to Leave the Hospital.
(New York World.)
Unless there should be an unforeseen relapse, Walter B. Duryea, whose neck was broken by a dive into shallow water last August, will leave Roosevelt Hospital in two or three weeks, and he will be taken to the home of his father at Glen Cove, L. I.
Thus, indomitable will, courage and strength, with every resource that science could command, have combined in saving the life of a man with his spinal cord severed. Duryea has been showing remarkable improvement since January, when, as a result of an attack of pneumonia, it was feared that he would die.
Duryea called for a pencil and paper on Saturday and surprised his nurse by writing, as if in practice. As a matter of fact, I was told that he had been practicing handwriting for several days previous to Saturday. His hands, though, are very feeble, and there is little power in his fingers.
His nurse has to push him around in a chair that was built especially for him. Duryea is unable to propel it himself, but at the same time the patient has made such a wonderful recovery that Dr. Robert Abbe, who performed the operation, believes that his patient may be safely transported to Glen Cove some time within the next two or three weeks.
Dr. Abbe visited Duryea at Roosevelt Hospital on Saturday, and left at night for New York City. For a few days, in the meanwhile he has left the young man in the care of Dr. Arthur L. Fisk.
Duryea is a son of Edgar E. Duryea, a starch manufacturer. He was bathing in Oyster Bay one day last August, and dove from the Casino dancing pavilion into the water. It was shallow where the dive was made, and Duryea struck on his head. He arose to the surface of the water stunned. It was found that his neck was broken. He was brought to New York, and placed in Roosevelt Hospital, where Dr. Abbe performed an operation on September 19. The case has become one of the most celebrated in medical and surgical circles, and has been keenly watched by surgeons and medical practitioners in this and other countries.

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W. T. Kilborn Company,
24 Free Street.

W. T. Kilborn Company,
24 Free Street.

FINANCIAL.
We offer, subject to sale, at 103.50 and interest, yielding an annual income of about 4.75 per cent.
\$625,000.00
5%—FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS—5%
—OF THE—
SIoux CITY TRACTION COMPANY
(Street Railroad, Sioux City, Iowa.)
Dated July 1, 1899. Due July 1, 1919. Denomination \$1,000. Interest January and July 1st, at the Bank of Montreal, Trustee, in New York or Chicago.
Capital Stock, \$1,200,000. First Mortgage Bond Issue limited to \$750,000.

STATEMENT.
GROSS RECEIPTS FOR 10 MONTHS JUNE 1, 1899, TO APRIL 1, 1900, \$155,030.67
OPERATING EXPENSES FOR 10 MONTHS JUNE 1, 1899, TO APRIL 1, 1900, \$7,364.37
NET EARNINGS \$147,666.30
6 PER CENT INTEREST ON \$750,000 FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, \$37,500.00
Surplus Earnings for 10 months \$185,166.30

The company is earning on the basis of double its First Mortgage Bond interest. The mortgage is secured by the entire mileage, over 40 miles of road, besides real estate, equipment and franchises. This Company owns all the Street Railways in the city. Sioux City has a population of 50,000, and is the second largest city in Iowa.
DIRECTORS:
J. A. LAWRENCE, Pres. Sioux City Traction Co., Sioux City, Ia.
JOHN P. ALLISON, Bank of Wears & Allison, Sioux City, Ia.
ABEL ANDERSON, Pres. Northwestern Nat'l Bank, Sioux City, Ia.
J. W. de G. O'GRADY, Banker, Chicago, Ill.
JOHN S. GOODWIN, Attorney, Chicago, Ill.
We recommend the bonds for safe investment. Legal for Maine Savings Banks. Further particulars upon application. Correspondence and personal interviews invited.

MASON, LEWIS & CO., BANKERS,
BOSTON—60 Devonshire St. CHICAGO—Monadnock Building.
may22Tut&Sat

MONEY LOANED.
Heirs and others desiring to borrow money on REAL ESTATE, NOTES, household furniture, pianos, etc. Business strictly confidential.
Shawmut Loan Co.,
68 MARKET ST., PORTLAND, ME.
may3dtf

George Marshall,
HOUSE and SHIP PLUMBER,
Gas, Hot Water and Steam Piping.
NO. 45 CROSS ST., PORTLAND, ME.
Jobbing Promptly Attended To.
TELEPHONE 487-4. apr30dtf

BLOOD POISON
Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Blood Poison Permanently Cured. You can be treated at home under same guarantee. If you have taken mercury, iodine, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, write
COOK REMEDY CO.
328 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital \$500,000. We solicit the worst obstinate cases. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 30 days. 100-page book free. nov27dtf

STEPHEN BERRY,
Book, Job and Card Printer,
NO. 37 PLUM STREET.

REMOVAL NOTICE.
DR. R. G. FICKETT
(Dentist)
Has Moved To
562 Congress St., Baxter Block
ROOMS 11 TO 14.
Telephone 1063-3. apr6dtm

THE KNACK
Of Good Printing is the artistic insight into the "art preservative of all arts." With us printing is not mechanical—we treat it as an art should be treated. Wouldn't it be wise for you to place a trial order with us?
THE THURSTON PRINT
87 1-2 EXCHANGE STREET
PHONE 38 PORTLAND, MAINE

Forty Years Carpet Selling.

W. T. Kilborn Company,
24 Free Street.

W. T. Kilborn Company,
24 Free Street.

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W. T. Kilborn Company,
24 Free Street.

PORTLAND THEATRE,
K. E. ROUNDS, Lessee.
One Week, commencing Monday Evening, May 21—Matinees Daily commencing Tuesday.

THE RICHARDS STOCK COMPANY
IN REPERTOIRE OF STANDARD PLAYS
Sapho, Faust, Three Musketeers, Camille, Quo Vadis, Night's Frolic, Led Astray, Ninety-Nine, Maribelle, French Spy, Etc.
Up-to-Date Specialties will be introduced at every performance.
Prices—10, 20 and 30c. Seats now on sale.

JEFFERSON THEATRE
CANN & GRANT, Lessees & Managers.
Two Weeks Commencing Tonight,
Daily matinees beginning Tuesday, special engagement of New England's greatest favorite,
Miss Katherine Rober
Supported by a Company of Players, in Great Productions of New York Successes.
This afternoon.....The New Castles Wednesday Matinee.....Fanchon the Cricket
This evening.....Shall We Forgive Her? Wednesday Evening.....Sapho
Prices 10-20-30c. Daily Matinees 10 and 20c.

ONE NIGHT, MAY 24th.
Charles Frohman presents Miss Annie Russell in a New Comedy, in Four Acts, entitled
MISS HOBBS,
BY JEROME K. JEROME.
Prices \$1.50, 1.00, 75, 50 and 25 cents. Seats now on sale.

UNDERWOOD SPRING.
Spacious Dining Hall always open. Music and Smoking Room, all with open fire brilliantly lighted by electricity and heated by steam, decorated with palms and evergreen. An excellent menu from which to order. Games and Billiard tables a specialty. Arrangements made for Dinner, Banquet, or Card parties with or without special cars at office of Portland & Yarmouth Electric Railway Co., office 440 Congress street. Telephone 915-3. nov27dtf

FINANCIAL.
—FOR—
MAY INVESTMENTS
WE OFFER
Municipal Bonds,
Water Works Bonds,
Railroad Bonds,
Bank Stock.

H. M. Payson & Co.
32 EXCHANGE ST.
feb6dtf

Casco National Bank
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Incorporated 1824.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
Interest Paid on
TIME - DEPOSITS.

LETTERS OF CREDIT AND INTERNATIONAL CHEQUES FOR SALE.
Correspondence solicited from individuals, corporations, banks and others desiring to open accounts as well as from those wishing to transact banking business of any description through this bank.
STEPHEN R. SMALL, President.
MARSHALL R. GODING, Cashier.
feb6dtf

Portland Trust Co.
—AND—
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS,
87 and 89 Exchange Street.
Capital Stock, \$200,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits, 170,000
Deposits, 1,750,000

SPECIALTIES—High Grade Bonds for Investment. Interest Paid on Deposits.
WM. G. DAVIS, Pres.
JAS. P. BAXTER, Vice Pres.
HARRY BUTLER, Treas.
JOSHUA C. LIBBY, Asst. Treas.
TRUSTEES:
Wm. G. Davis, Franklin B. Barrett, Sidney W. Baxter, Wm. W. Brown, Chas. F. Libby, A. H. Walker, Geo. F. Evans, Frederick B. Ball, Chas. L. Baxter, Harry Butler.
may19dtf

MECHANIC'S LOAN & BUILDING ASSOCIATION.
HOLMAN S. MELCHER, President.
GEORGE H. ALLAN, Secretary and Treasurer.
New Se les opened May 1st, 1900. Dividends credited in April and October. Loans made on first mortgages of real estate at reasonable rates. Inquiries for loans or stock may be made at the office of the Association, 121 Exchange Street, Portland, Me. e. may10cdm

CARPET CLEANING "TUMBLER" MACHINE.
We have the largest and best Carpet Cleaning works in the State with new and better facilities this year than ever before for doing our increasing business. Carpets taken up, cleaned and re-laid—called for and delivered. Carpets packed moth proof and stored for the season.
E. A. LITTLE
Steam and Electric Carpet Cleaning Works,
125-127 Lancaster St. Tel. 855-2. may2-dtf

CONSERVATIVE BONDS
CURRENT IN THE NEW YORK MARKET
PHILIP H. FARLEY & CO.
EXCHANGE ST. PORTLAND, ME.
WILSON & STEPHENS, BANKERS,
41 WALL ST. NEW YORK

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Up-to-Date Specialties will be introduced at every performance.
Prices—10, 20 and 30c. Seats now on sale.

JEFFERSON THEATRE<

SOUTH PORTLAND.

Programme of Memorial Day Exercises.

Memorial Sunday To Be Observed at Bethany Church.

Funeral of Mrs. Olive S. Allen.

Personal and Other Items of Interest.

A committee of the South Portland Veteran Association have formulated the following programme for the guidance of all participating in the Memorial Day exercises of the city on Wednesday, May 30th.

Carriages for the veterans and their guests will leave South Portland and Willard at 8.30 o'clock a. m., for Knighthill, there to join other teams in the procession.

The procession will leave Knighthill at 9 o'clock sharp, for Brown's Hill and Forest City cemeteries, there to decorate comrades graves and listen to exercises arranged by the committee.

Then the procession will proceed by nearest route to Bay View and after the ceremonies of decoration are over will return to Masonic hall, Knighthill, where a collation will be served in the banquet hall.

At one o'clock the line of carriages will start for Mount Pleasant where the numerous graves of comrades will be decorated with impressive ceremonies; special singing by the school children, etc., after which the comrades will proceed to grounds of the Soldiers' and Sailors' monument where the veterans of this city, assisted by the veterans of the town of Cape Elizabeth, will decorate the monument.

A cordial invitation is extended to all sons of veterans.

Invitations have been extended to all clergymen in the city, and to the city government to participate with us in making this day what it is designed to be.

The committee have arranged the following order of exercises to occur at the North church at 2 o'clock p. m.:

Opening Prayer, Rev. Robert Lawton
Singing, Shubert Quartette
Oration, Rev. Lewis Malverna
Remarks, Clergymen
Singing, Shubert Quartette
Roll of Honor, Secretary James H. Taylor
Singing—America, Quartette and Audience
Benediction.

TRANSPORTATION.

Barges will leave Cash's Corner at 7.30 o'clock and will be at W. E. Dyer's store twenty minutes later for the accommodation of comrades and invited guests in that section of the city.

Barges will leave Willard and South Portland post offices at 8 o'clock.

MEMORIAL SUNDAY.

By special invitation to attend divine service by Rev. Edward H. Newcomb of Bethany church on Sunday, May 27th, at 2.30 o'clock, comrades will assemble at the corner of West High and Randall streets at 2.15 o'clock, where the line of march will be formed and proceed to the church.

All veteran soldiers and sailors and all sons of veterans are extended a cordial invitation to unite with us on that day.

JOHN MCMAHUS, Pres.
JAMES H. TAYLOR, Sec.
MARCUS A. HANNA, C. M.
N. B. KNIGHT, Mar.

FUNERAL OF MRS. OLIVE S. ALLEN.

The funeral of Mrs. Olive S. Allen took place Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her son, Charles H. Allen on Grand street. There was a good

sized attendance including delegations from Myrtle Assembly, Pythian Sisterhood and the Samaritans. Rev. Mr. Corey officiated and there was singing by a quartette consisting of C. A. Tilton, A. E. Thurlick, Mrs. Pearson and Miss Minnie Thompson. Many pretty floral remembrances were received, including a triangle from the Sisterhood. The interment was at Mt. Pleasant cemetery.

PURCHASED BY CHARLES M. HARTFORD.

The double set of officers' quarters which was sold at public auction at Fort Preble yesterday, was purchased by Charles M. Hartford, and the building will be moved to some favorable site in the city for occupancy.

BIDS OPENED AT FORT WILLIAMS YESTERDAY.

Bids were opened at Fort Williams yesterday at 12 o'clock for the construction, heating and plumbing, etc., of one hospital, a set of barracks, a double set of officers' quarters and one double set of non-commissioned officers' quarters, all of which are to be of brick. The following are the figures of the most important bidders, and the final awards will be made at Department Headquarters upon the recommendations of the constructing quartermaster, Lt. Carmichael of the artillery:

HOSPITAL.

Charles E. Currier, Boston, \$19,750.00
J. S. Randall, 30,821.00
Spencer Rogers, 31,370.00
Smith & Rumery, 22,216.00

The lowest bid for heating hospital was that of A. H. Moulton, \$2,435.00, and for plumbing, John T. Quinn, \$1,255.00.

BARRACKS.

Spencer Rogers, \$29,456.00
Smith & Rumery, 30,411.00
J. S. Randall, 28,867.00

Heating barracks, A. H. Moulton, \$2,466.00, and plumbing, J. T. Quinn, \$2,825.00.

OFFICERS' QUARTERS, DOUBLE SET.

Spencer Rogers, \$12,814.00
Smith & Rumery, 11,788.00
J. S. Randall, 10,879.00

Heating same, A. H. Moulton, \$740.00; plumbing, J. T. Quinn, \$660.00.

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS' QUARTERS.

Spencer Rogers, \$6,244.00
Smith & Rumery, 6,512.00
J. S. Randall, 8,908.00

Plumbing same, J. T. Quinn, \$305.00. One bid in lump was made for barracks, officers' and non-commissioned quarters by Charles E. Currier of Boston, his figure being \$19,800.00.

DANCE AT WILLARD.

Another very pleasant dance was given last evening at the Willard House which was enjoyed by quite a number of our young ladies and their gentlemen friends. The music was good and light refreshments were served. The proceeds will go to the purchase of a piano for the house.

Newell E. Trefethen returned Saturday from a visit of a week or so in New York.

Rev. Mr. Newcombe officiated at West End Congregational church, Portland, on Sunday last.

Mr. Charles Rittenberg, manager of the casino at Cape Elizabeth, has been sick for some time at the United States hotel in Portland and Mr. Smith of Riverton Park, with a crew of men yesterday, began to get things in readiness for the summer opening of the casino.

Myrtle Assembly, Pythian Sisterhood, will observe next Wednesday night as gentlemen's night, when each member of the lodge may invite one gentleman friend. A fine entertainment will be provided and supper will be served in the banquet hall.

PLEASANTDALE.

Mr. Fred Bowers of Kelsey street, who is seriously ill, is reported to be slightly improved.

Miss Alice Lindsey has accepted a position at the bookbindery, Portland.

Miss Bessie Worth, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Worth, Elm street, is very ill threatened with typhoid fever.

Mr. Stephen Knapp, Kelsey street, is confined to the house by illness.

Mr. F. L. Hackett, Hoyt street, is entertaining Mr. Charles Perkins of Madison.

Mrs. George W. York and daughter Addie Louise have returned to their home in Cambridgeport, Mass.

Miss Emma Geyer, Hoyt street, is suffering from measles.

Mr. Ralph Goodwin, Chapel street, who has been dangerously ill with pneumonia is thought to be somewhat improved and there are hopes of her recovery.

Mrs. George Miles has returned from Bowery Beach.

PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

The York County Mutual Fire Insurance Co. at West Buxton began business five years ago and has insured two millions and four hundred thousand dollars of farm buildings and detached village dwellings with only nine thousand dollars in losses, all of which were promptly adjusted and paid.

The company has saved its 2440 members, \$56,382.00 in cash premiums (as per stock company rates), after paying all losses and expenses.

Term of policy, 3 years. Premium, \$3.00 on \$1,000. Policy fee, 50 cents.

Senator F. H. Hargraves, president; Co. Commissioner E. A. Hobson, treasurer; Charles Butler, secretary and general agent. Home office, West Buxton, Me.

HAD RELATIVES HERE.

Saturday night the police received a telegram from the Soucenville, Mass., police, saying that Charles H. McAlman, the insane man taken into custody here, Saturday morning, lived in that city, and had been visiting his sister, Mrs. W. S. Hinds, of No. 35 Cumberland street. Mrs. Hinds expressed surprise at her brother's condition, which she attributed to overwork in his trade of carriage-maker. McAlman will probably be taken in charge by his relatives.

REPAIRS AT CUSTOM HOUSE

Collector Moses Efforts for Electricity at Custom House Successful.

Collector Moses has returned from a successful trip to Washington. He went for the purpose of explaining to the treasury department the needs of the Portland custom house in this city. The collector in company with Congressman Allen spent considerable time among the officials who at once complied with the requests that the long needed improvements in the Portland custom house should be realized. All of the old chandeliers will be removed and the building will hereafter be lighted by electricity. There have been several chandeliers, each of which weighs 1200 pounds and which have been hanging for the last twenty-nine years. Experts some time ago examined these chandeliers and pronounced them dangerous to life. Besides this the chandeliers have badly leaked for several years past and the whole building at frequent times has been simply permeated with the odor of gas.

Over one hundred electric lights will be placed in the building, and yesterday the contract for the wiring and the furnishings was awarded to the Consolidated Electric Light company which will at once begin the work. Collector Moses says these changes which will be made will be found to be a matter of economy as well as an advantage to the government.

THE WHEELMEN.

Some Things in Which They Are Interested.

Now that the bicycle path to Riverton is about completed, the L. A. W. officials will give their attention to the road to Underwood. Out on Veranda street there is a sidewalk on one side of the road which the wheelmen desire to use as far as Martin's Point bridge as a side path. It isn't much of a sidewalk as it is now and pedestrians use a board walk on the opposite side of the street a good deal. The wheelmen would like to fill up the dirt sidewalk, fill in hollows and level hummocks and thus make a rideable path to the bridge where the city limits end. Action will be taken so that the matter can be presented before the next meeting of the city government.

Beyond Martin's Point bridge the Portland Wheel club members will endeavor to raise money enough to run the side path machine clear through to Underwood which will make good riding over the entire road from Portland to the springs.

The wheelmen are looking forward to Memorial day when the Maine division of the L. A. W. will be entertained at Bath. It is expected that large numbers of wheelmen from Portland, Biddeford and Saco, Lewiston and Waterville will spend the day at the shipping city. While no formal programme will be laid out plenty of side amusements will be provided for the entertainment of all. There will be a shore dinner, a trip to the Bath Iron works, possibly a race, etc.

There will be no track races at this spring meet as the weather has been so backward the racing men have had no time to get into shape.

MOUNTAIN DIVISION TRAVELLERS

The sixth annual banquet of the Mountain Division Commercial Travellers Association was held Friday evening at "The Oxford," Fryeburg.

This was one of the most enjoyable occasions ever held by the association. The banquet was in charge of Mr. J. J. Pooler, the well known caterer, and about eighty sat down to the tables presided over by President B. L. Burbank.

Among the speakers of the evening were J. Putnam Stevens, president of the Maine Commercial Travellers' association, and John B. Nash of Conway, N. H. "Honey" Johnson and his mate, "Billy" Nickerson, furnished entertainment for the evening.

Mr. Plummer has just purchased "The Oxford" and all hopes for him as a prosperous career as landlord of this well known hostelry.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—J. H. O'Neill.
Vice President—E. D. Westcott.
Secretary and Treasurer—C. C. Files.
Executive Committee—W. D. Carruthers, J. Fisher Parish, B. M. Hiley.

GLOVES VEILINGS AND STOCKS.

We specialize on these three things which, at our prices, cannot be equalled in Portland.

GLOVES, 50c. and upwards.
VEILINGS, 25c. "
STOCKS, 50c. "

Our goods are the newest and BEST things we can buy. The Stocks are made exclusively for us, and in Boston sell for three times what we ask. Everyone knows our Gloves and Veilings.

THE BOLAND GLOVE CO.

102 1/2 Tenth St.

LAWN MOWERS.

12 INCH. \$2.50 EACH.
N. M. PERKINS & CO.,
8 Free Street.

may 22 call

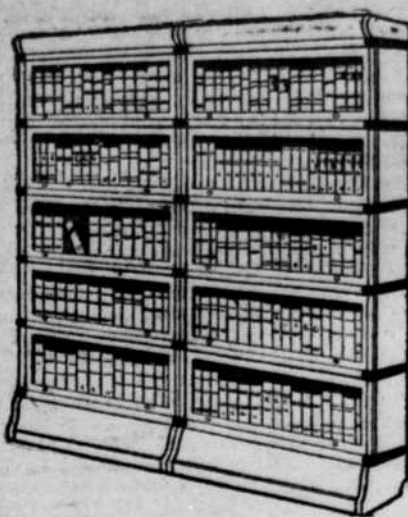
MARRIAGES.

In West Poland, May 20, by Rev. E. W. Webber of Meenalls Falls, Frank E. Andrews of Hartford and Miss Bertha Mae Chase of Poland.

DEATHS.

In this city, May 21, George H. Gill, aged 60 years, 2 months, 7 days.

MAINE'S GREATEST STORE.



The 20th Century Bookcase.

In practical improvements the wernicke Elastic Bookcase is years ahead of any other made. It is a system of unit that grows slowly---a unit at a time---as your library grows.

You can build them high or low, long or narrow, to suit the space. They can be readily moved without touching a book. Dust-proof glass doors afford perfect protection to nice volumes. They come in any wood you want. Let us send you a catalogue.



The Best Spring in the World.

Here is perfect comfort at last for heavy people and those who cannot rest well on the ordinary spring.

It is made to conform perfectly to every part of the body and is practically indestructible. Notice the way in which every oil tempered coil spring is braced and fastened in every direction. Don't give up trying till you have tried the Ideal. It is worth every cent of the price, \$9.50

Among the Draperies.

The Ruffled Bobbinet Curtains at \$1.62 are being snapped up like the prizes they are. If we hadn't wanted to give this department a little advertising boom, we could have sold them readily at 2.50. There are quite a few still left for the early comers.

Ruffled Muslin Curtains, 69 cents a pair
Curtain Stretchers—for drying lace curtains after washing; provided with adjustable pins—the best article of the kind made, \$2.25

For Summer Draperies—New things in Art Cretonnes, art denims, silkolines, cotton prints, etc.

Grass Cushions—the 10 cent kind, 5 cents

New India Seats—assorted colors, \$1.00

"Gem" Spring Pole—A new portiere or lace curtain pole with springs at the end for instantly adjusting and putting up without tacks or screws—the neatest and most convenient thing of the kind yet devised, 38 cents

New Art Screens—with double filling of art cretonnes, fancy oak frames. The prettiest creations of the New York artists, \$7.50

News of the Wheels.

The \$19.50 bicycles did not last long enough for us to really show them. They are out now, however, our travelling

\$12.50 to \$90

A New Kind of "Folding" Bed.

This is really a "mantei" bed which does not fold. It is like one of the tall balance beds when the bed goes up without folding, only it goes up sideways, instead of endwise. It is finished mahogany color, and brass stout woven wire spring and brass rod for curtain. The price is extraordinarily low, being only \$8.75

An Exceptional Lot of Chiffonieres in Oak, Mahogany and Maple.

This lot was selected with an idea of getting a great deal of style and finish combined with low cost. People say we have succeeded. The oak ones in the new golden finish are the stars of the cast.

There are polished oak ones with five roomy drawers and beveled mirror at \$9.50
Polished oak with six drawers and generous hot closet for 13.00
Polished quartered oak ones with five swell front drawers and shaped bevel mirror at \$15.00
There are better ones all the way up to \$50.00

We can make your house-cleaning lots easier. Carpet cleaning is only a part of the work we do in our Renovating Department.

OREN HOOPER'S SONS.

Notice of funeral hereafter.
In this city, May 21, Catherine Martin, aged 75 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.
Boston papers please copy.
In Lewist, May 15, Mrs. Eliza A. Clark, aged 67 years.

In Newry, May 13, Mrs. Eliza M. Hamilton, aged 74 years.

In Pittsfield, May 15, U. G. Hussey, aged 65 years; 17th Miss Susie Sylvester, aged about 14 years.

In Thomaston, May 14, Henry Simmons of Cow Island, a native of Friendship, aged 60 yrs.

In Houlton, May 13, Charles Laisell of Rockland, aged 66 years.
In Washington, May 14, Edward L. Vose, aged 22 years.



You Cannot Go Wrong

If you decide upon Grenadine for one of your Gowns this season, it has taken the popular fancy by storm—and small wonder when you see the stylish effect produced by a fashionable modish Silk Grenadines or the Silk and Wool Mixtures are equally desirable—black or black with a little color, beautiful shades of castor, grey, pastel, green or old rose, stripes open square meshes, plaids, brocades—Chenille dots and woven jet effects—Crepe-de chine (in white or fancy shades) is one of the prettiest material, for a dressy evening gown.

High Grade Wash Goods.

Foulardines are almost perfect imitations of Foulard Silks—they look like silk, hang like silk, will wear as well and less expensive.

No more elegant silk and cotton combination has been offered than Dimity Satin Raye. The color combines recommend this fabric as well as the weave.

All corded materials are in favor and among them are Brazyl Cloth, Poult de Soie and the Corded Gingham. The latter are serviceable and for Shirt Waists first favorites.

Aberfoyle 1900 Novelty makes a handsome wash gown, owing to its silky appearance.

Swiss Zephyrs, original designs, embroidered elaborately, are having extensive sale.

French Challies

Have a new lease of life. The new ones are unusually pretty and just as soft as heretofore. We have some particular beauties, which we cannot describe better than this, white grounds with the daintiest little vines running helter skelter in every direction or flower designs scattered over them. The Satin stripes on many of the Challies give them an attractive new effect. For Shirtwaists, Challies in solid colors are liked.

Six reasons why everybody should wear LA VIDA Corsets.

Because they are fitted to American Women.
Because they are health giving.
Because they are adapted to any style of dress.
Because they are straight front.
Because they fit the figure.
Because they are 50 per cent cheaper than an imported Corset.

MISS WHITE of New York is now demonstrating the excellent qualities of this Corset at our Corset department. Come in and examine them.

EASTMAN BROS. & BANCROFT.



We desire to draw attention to a matchless line of delightful summer drinks.

THE DELICATESSE.

Prepared especially for this house in accordance with exclusive formulas, employing the choicest refined extracts and sparkling water from the flow of the famous Underwood Spring at Falmouth Foreside. It is our honest aim to have this brand represent the very highest degree of excellence in summer beverages and neither pains or expense have been spared to attain this end.

Delicatesse Ginger Ale,

60c per doz. bottles

Delicatesse Root Beer,

60c per doz. bottles

Delicatesse Sarsaparilla,

60c per doz bottle

(Extra Charge for bottles, Which Are Returnable.)

UNDERWOOD SPRING

is the purest jet of natural water known. This fact has been established by analysis at the Maine State Assay Office, by the Climatological Association of America and other equally eminent authorities. You can have it on your table every day in the year at a trifling expense. We deliver a five gallon glass container—drinking water enough to last the average family a long time—for the nominal charge of 75c.

GEO. C. SHAW & CO.

Hot on the Trail of Coffee!

What will you take to try a single pound of Chase & Sanborn's High-Grade Coffee?

All beginnings are hard, as the thief said when he began by stealing an anvil. But listen to the facts!

The beginning of everything is a curious machine used only by them. It separates out the full-grown berries. Other firms would call this extravagant, but you won't when you come to drink the coffee.

These berries are then only roasted to order. The same day they are hermetically sealed in canisters so that not a breath of aroma is lost. (By the great Abu Bakr of blessed memory, what a flavor this gives to your coffee pot in the kitchen!) Your grocer breaks the hermetic seals and puts the coffee into Chase & Sanborn's imported parchment-lined bags, each bearing the Seal Trade-mark with their signed warranty of Highest Quality. This he gives to you.

And you never buy any other coffee afterward!

MISCELLANEOUS.

RESPIRO LIQUID is intended to CURE ASTHMA and nothing else. It only tries to do one thing, and it does it thoroughly.

RESPIRO POWDER is a specific for the spasms. It repairs the injured membrane, allays the congestion and heals the inflamed parts. It assists RESPIRO LIQUID to cure, and is unlike any powder on the market.

RESPIRO GRANULES are a very essential aid to the proper action of the LIQUID and the POWDER. They assist by regulating the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys, thus putting the system in the best possible condition for a cure to be effected.

Three preparations do the work: RESPIRO LIQUID, RESPIRO POWDER and RESPIRO GRANULES. These are sold by all druggists. A sample of RESPIRO POWDER will be mailed FREE to any asthmatic upon request.

Mfgd. by **FRANK A. EMERSON**, Apothecary, Lawrence, Mass.



THE NIAGARA
— IS THE —
BEST LADIES' \$2.50 BOOT
on the market today. We carry a full line of Black and Russet Button and Lace Boots and Oxford Ties, made on latest manufactory last.

C. F. MOULTON,
367 Congress Street.
my1332w

ICE.

PRICES—1900.
10 lbs. daily, \$1.50 per month
15 lbs. daily, 2.00 per month
20 lbs. daily, 2.50 per month

CUT ICE.
10 lbs., 5 cents
25 lbs., 10 cents
50 lbs., 15 cents
100 lbs., 25 cents

Customers can commence taking ice at any time and delivery will be continued till notice to stop is received at the office. No ice of any changes should be sent to OFFICE. Also complaints of any nature we PARTICULARLY REQUEST to be informed of at once.

THE D. W. CLARK ICE CO.
BATES ICE CO.
BURNHAM ICE CO.
LIBBY & CO.
my1085, Tu, Th, W

THE ZANTE HAIR DESTROYER
A Harmless Liquid for the Removal of Superfluous Hair.

It not only removes the hair perfectly clear in five minutes, but will, if applied every third day, remove the hair permanently. The length of time it takes to entirely destroy it, depends upon the strength of the hair.

This liquid contains no caustic, acid, or poisonous substance, there is no danger of its leaving a scar, or causing injury in any way. The Zante Hair Destroyer is sold under a written guarantee to accomplish all that is claimed of it.

\$1.50 Express Paid

Loving's Paris Hair Store,
1999 Washington St., Boston.
my19 editf

SLEEP INSURANCE.
YOUR AGING TOOTH CURED QUICKLY WITH DR. MACALASTER'S OBTUNDER.

Buy it. Have it ready. Insure yourself and family against TOOTH PAIN that prevents SLEEP.

OBTUNDER—25 cts.

Cotton in the box. myeodm At all druggists

CLIFF COTTAGE,
On Cape Electric Line, near Cape Casino,
WILL OPEN JUNE 1st
50 rooms for guests.
Everything newly fitted and furnished.
Regular Hotel service. Terms reasonable.

ALL UP IN ARMS.

Paris Fair Anything But In Readiness.

Prospective Visitors Advised To Wait Awhile.

The Whole Thing Is Disappointing.

An Effort Made To Keep the Situation From Public.

Basle, Switzerland, May 4th.

If there are those who are hastening their plans for an early visit to the Paris Exposition, they can save themselves much annoyance and trouble by waiting until a much later date; for at present it looks as if the whole system would not be completed much before the time arrives to pack things away and remove the temporary buildings.

No doubt that brotherly feeling towards all the nations, which President Loubet referred to in an interview with one of the leading New York reporters, exists. But the sentiment which Loubet expresses as a citizen and not as the president of the Republic is not likely to be fully realized. He refers to the old joke that good Americans when they die go to Paris, and invites all to come and get a foretaste of their future state. The experience of a few hours in the Exposition about the 1st of May, however, would hardly give rise to an exemplary life for the sake of experiencing such happiness through all eternity.

In fact, the opening of the Exposition April 15th was for the most part a farce. At that time all was temporarily patched up and covered with extemporized draperies, and for the moment everything unseemly was hidden from the public view. This gave the impression, which deceived even President Loubet; that things were in an uncommon state of readiness. But like the condition of the backslider, the last state was worse than the first. We fully sympathized with the English lady we heard saying to her husband, "Let's go home and tell everybody not to come, for there is nothing to see."

When work fairly began again about a week after the opening the scene inside the grounds was beyond description. It was almost impossible to get round among the rubbish and dirt with which the streets were filled. As for the buildings, they became receptacles for the masses to mix their mortar, and the painters to lodge their paints. These were all barricaded with the sign outside the doors "Interdite au public," and even the outside of many of the handsome buildings is not yet finished. Great effort has been made to keep the situation from the public, but at length the leading journals took it up and criticized the management severely for deceiving the people since many from afar had found this a more convenient time to visit Paris and were much angered at their disappointment.

We had intended to make the Beaux Arts building our centre, but we found it still filled with debris of every sort, although we were only allowed to approach near enough to see that the walls were vacant, and the whole in a condition which could not apparently be completed and arranged inside of two months. This is the case with nine out of ten of the buildings, and as for exhibits they are still either packed away in the hold of ships or hid under rubbish.

On the 1st of May only three compartments were really in order, the Munich Bier-Halle, the Moving Sidewalk and the Swiss Village. The latter is now getting the benefit of most of the patronage. Here there are neat little chalets, a tiny church and goats roaming over miniature Alpine mountains, while veritable Swiss maidens tend the restaurants and deliver letters to their compatriots.

The Mammoth Entrance on the Place de la Concorde has been greatly criticized, although much was expected from its reputed elegance by the French. In fact, it surpasses all that has been written concerning its ugliness. The majestic statue of "Paris" surmounting it, though she is said to be clothed in a cloak of er-

"Almost Killed Her."

The thought of her hairturning gray, while she was still a young and attractive woman, almost killed her. Read what Mrs. E. S. Mason, of Nuttallburgh, W. Va., writes:

LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, New York.

Please find enclosed \$2.00 for which send me at once six bottles of Hair-Health. I am delighted with the bottle sent me. My hair was so gray that I was almost ashamed for anyone to see me, and being so young it almost killed me to think my hair was getting white so long before I was an old woman. But thanks to Dr. Hay's Hair-Health, I am proud to say that a gray hair cannot be found in my head and I have not used all of one bottle. Dr. Hay's Hair-Health will do all that is claimed for it, and I have recommended it to all my friends as a beautiful hair-grower dressing.

Hair-Health

will positively restore gray, faded or bleached hair, etc., to its youthful and original color. It is not a dye, but a food, acting on the roots of the hair. It contains no grease, is not gummy or sticky, and will restore and preserve the hair in its youthful beauty, and makes it strong, healthy and abundant. Prevents falling hair after much perspiration, and its use cannot be detected. Equally good for men and women.

Hair-Health is sold by leading druggists everywhere. Price, per large bottle, or sent by express, prepaid, in plain glass package, on receipt of fee, by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, N. Y.

Remember the name, "Hair-Health." Refuse all imitations. Money refunded if it does not benefit you.

mise, is really a colossal figure in a morning gown.

The fact is, the French tried to outdo our Chicago Exposition, and it is becoming apparent to all that French love of display is not commensurate with American energy and fertility of resource.

Meanwhile the French Salon, not far from the Exposition is attracting the lovers of Art who are disappointed in not being able yet to see in the Beaux Arts building the best work of all the nations done by artists and sculptors in the last ten years. The Salon is held in a large temporary building back of the Invalides arranged purposely for this year's exhibition. It presents a very large and interesting collection, many of the subjects having won medals and honorable mention, as well as those by older artists who are outside of competition and whose pictures are marked "H. C." Out of these pictures in the Salon, selection is made for the "Luxembourg", and after the death of the artists whose pictures are in the Luxembourg Gallery, selection is made from them for the Louvre.

The Louvre has lately undergone rearrangement of its finest pictures; and now we do not find Murillo's Immaculate Conception and Holy Family in the Salle Carrée, but in a room near the entrance, with other fine subjects; and the most of the works of Rubens, including the Marie di Medici series, are placed in a compartment by themselves.

Paris is now something dreadful in its noise and excitement, and it is almost impossible in the busiest places, to cross the streets.

The police force is decidedly conspicuous by its absence, doing its duty in a very remote manner in every part except the places near the Exposition grounds. This extends over such a vast territory that the force is rather poorly represented even in that vicinity.

In the meantime it is a great relief to escape the general excitement and get off by one's self among the various more distant parts of interest. In this respect the Latin Quarter is now one of the most desirable parts of Paris, since comparative quiet and freedom from bustle reigns there.

People at present are not amusing themselves so much as usual by drowning and suicide, for one day only three of the unfortunate put in an appearance at the Morgue. This is probably because in the city there is so much of active interest and life that few have time to get morbid. Of the three rather respectable looking individuals on exhibition, one was a woman who had no doubt taken her own life in a moment of distraction, as her face indicated simple-minded lunacy. One of the others had the appearance of a man of a good deal of character, while the third might have been thrown by accident into the water in a state of intoxication, or judging by the bruises on his face, he might have been knocked overboard.

The Notre-Dame with its majestic facade looks as grand and distinguished as in the days of Trilby, when the Laird, Taffy and Little Billee looked out upon it from their studio window. The statue of the Virgin long ago replaced he one of Liberty, which the revolutionists of 1792 set up there when patriotic hymns were sung by the National Guard instead of the sacred music chanted in its precincts today. When one looks at the beautiful choir with its finely wrought carvings, he can hardly realize that the Temple of Voltaire, Rousseau and others then decorated the sacred place.

This Latin Quarter is still the haunt of artists, and studios to let and already occupied, are tucked round in every corner of the environs, and the surroundings of the Odéon and the Luxembourg bespeak the artistic soul. "Little Billee" lodged in the Hotel Cornelle, which is still the same peaceful inn overlooking the Luxembourg Gardens. It is as easy to imagine him winding his way from the studio in the square Anatoles des Arts through that part of the Latin Quarter, musing all the time on his love for Trilby, as though he had lived in reality, instead of in the mind of Du Maurier.

When you get tired of that part of the Isle de Cite, all of which was the old Lutetia Parisiorum of Caesar's time, you return to the places along the quay. First you visit St. Chapelle, the ancient palace chapel, erected in the 13th century as a depository of sacred relics brought from Jerusalem by Baldwin, son-in-law of Jeanne de Brienne. St. Chapelle is a gem of Gothic architecture and old stained glass and beautiful gilded vaulting with a polychrome finished wall. You pass out of the chapel through the Palais de Justice and see the baristers in black gowns with their green bags for their briefs.

Above all, if it is Thursday, and you feel inclined, you follow the steps of the multitude of sightseers along the quay to the office of the prefect of police, where permits are given for admission to the Conciergerie. It is a somewhat arduous task to go all the required distance and then mount the three long flights of stairs to the top of the building for a small piece of paper which only says "Admit the bearer with accompanying persons."

You feel rewarded, however, when you find yourself in the underground palace with its beautiful vaulting, some parts of which are still used as a prison, and which formerly was the abode of many women of the Revolution. Charlotte Corday was among the number and the Empress Josephine was imprisoned here, when she was Madame Beauharnais. It is said that one day when she was looking through the grating some one familiar to her looked up to her cell, taking hold of her garments, ("Robespierre") at the same time picking up a stone ("pierre") and drawing the sign of a knife across her throat. This indicated to Josephine that "Robespierre" had been beheaded, and then she knew that her hour of deliverance was at hand.

The cell of Marie Antoinette is now lighted by a beautiful stained glass window, and the aperture through which her keeper passed her food is closed. The crucifix before which she knelt at her devotions now forms part of the beautiful altar in the prison cell. An arched passage at present connects her cell with that

in which Robespierre was afterwards confined, and beyond the two is the Hall of the Girondists where several thousand people were condemned to the guillotine. Coming out of this prison-house and going along the quay of the Seine you can cross the Pont Neuf whose supporting sides still bear the beautifully carved "N" which has been permitted to remain through all the vicissitudes since that demi-god swept through the nations, and left his name not only graven in stone, but in the minds of all future generations.

Just beyond the Pont Neuf is the Church of St. Germain l'Auxerrois, forming a fine architectural building by means of a magnificent tower which connects it with the Mairie. At the right of the tower is a little bell-tower from which the signal of the Massacre of St. Bartholomew was given, on August 24 and 25, 1572.

The sights of this fascinating city are never ending, however often you visit it; and whatever there is to criticize, Paris is always unique. There is a charm about its gaiety which no other city possesses, and you feel a sense of ownership in it that no place outside of your native land can give; for there are colonies after colonies of Americans who meet and interchange greetings until you can never quite tell whether you are in New York, Paris or Boston. You forget the French world outside your windows, which itself has become so cosmopolitan that the sight of the representative of the remotest isle of the sea has no elements of surprise to the native Parisian.

The First Annual Dispersal Sale by Absolute Auction of Hobart Farm Jersey at Hobart Farm, Dover, New Hampshire, is to take place on Thursday, the 24th day of May, 1900, commencing promptly at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, regardless of weather or attendance. Should the day prove stormy or unpleasant, there is ample room in the large barns for the sale to take place under cover. The Farm is in Hollisford, less than one mile from the B. & M. R. R. Station at Dover, and a barge will meet all incoming trains up to noon on the day of sale to take those who desire to the Farm. In the sale are three granddaughters of the famous Stocke Pegasus, 2385, the sire of 22 tested daughters; two granddaughters of Pedro 3197, the sire of 21 tested daughters—several of whom have sold at auction within a year from \$50.00 to \$250.00; one daughter and two granddaughters of King of St. Lambert, 19175, the sire of 17 tested daughters; two daughters and two granddaughters of Kathleen's Son 17600. The sale comprises fifty head of very high-class registered Jersey, differing in age from fresh-at-foot to eight years—several are number one and two—there are a number of two and three year olds about to drop their first calf—quite a number of choice young bulls and two mature ones of the highest type. The sale will rank in importance with any sale of Jerseys that has taken place in New England for many years and this coupled with the fact that every head is to be sold without limit or reserve to the highest bidder should prove attractive to every lover of Jersey—to every farmer, young or old, rich or poor, who would improve the standard of his stock. J. E. Conant & Co., of Lowell, Mass., are in charge of the sale, and you should send to them by mail or otherwise for a catalogue in detail. The entire herd, over one hundred head, will be on exhibition the Tuesday and Wednesday preceding the day of sale.

MUTUAL IMPROVEMENT CLUB.

The annual meeting of the Mutual Improvement club of this city was held yesterday afternoon at Riverfront Casino. The party, with invited guests, went to the park early in the afternoon by special car. During the early part of the afternoon the annual business meeting and election of officers was held and resulted as follows:

President—Mrs. A. N. Hawes.
Vice-President—Mrs. Mabel Robinson.
Secretary—Miss Collburn.

Among the invited guests present were Mrs. Flagg, the president of the Women's Literary Union and the following ex-presidents of the union: Miss Inez Blanchard, Mrs. George C. Frye, Mrs. E. S. Osgood and several others. After the business meeting a fine programme of literary and musical numbers was rendered by the members of the club, interspersed with interesting remarks by the invited guests.

At six o'clock the party were seated at the tables where a fine banquet was in readiness. An early adjournment was made, the members of the club and their invited guests voting that the affair had been a complete success.

AN ATTRACTIVE SPRING OUTING.

A very attractive tour to Gettysburg, Luray and Washington will leave Boston under the personally conducted tourist system of the Pennsylvania railroad on May 28, visiting Gettysburg during the Memorial day ceremonies. Rates, Boston, \$35; New York, \$45.

Itinerary of D. N. Bell, Tourist Agent, 50 Washington street, Boston.

GRAIN-O
THE FOOD DRINK

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it. Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All groceries; 15c. and 30c.

WICKLESS
Blue Flame
Oil Stove

It burns the cheapest fuel you can buy—the same oil you burn in your lamps. No odor. If your dealer does not have them, write to

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

INSURANCE
Fire, :: Accident :: and :: Liability
LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID.
E. C. JONES & CO., 13 Exchange St.

WICKLESS
Blue Flame
Oil Stove

Cleanliness is one virtue of the Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove that good housekeepers appreciate. Perfect safety is another. Convenience and cool cooking are others.

If you're figuring on saving money on fuel this summer, figure on getting a

It burns the cheapest fuel you can buy—the same oil you burn in your lamps. No odor. If your dealer does not have them, write to

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

INSURANCE
Fire, :: Accident :: and :: Liability
LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID.
E. C. JONES & CO., 13 Exchange St.

"Little Pearly Pills"
GREEN MOUNTAIN PEARLS

There is no need of your having that distressing pain in your stomach caused by indigestion. **Green Mountain Pearls** will give you immediate relief.

We put them in a small, convenient box, that you can always carry in your pocket. Want them? You've got them just when you need them, like a good friend. Take one of these **Little Pearly Pills** right after eating and you never will be troubled with indigestion. They are gentle, soothing in action on the bowels, and will regulate your liver.

Druggists sell them, 25 cents, or mailed by

ST. ALBANS REMEDY CO.
St. Albans, Vt.

JOHN W. PERKINS & CO., Wholesale Agent.

DID YOU EVER

stop to compare the present double benefit liberal accident policies of today, with the old-time limited benefit technical forms before the

entered the field. . . .

It is better now and WE DID IT.

Now Nearly all the other companies have been forced by the **PREFERRED** competition to follow the leader—**THE PREFERRED**—but it stands the insuring public in hand to patronize the company—**THE PREFERRED**—that made the other companies give the public double benefits and liberal contracts.

J. C. WHITE COAL CO.
JOSEPH C. WHITE, Treasurer.
240, 242 & 244 Commercial St.,
Head of Union Wharf
CARD.

C. F. DUNLAP, State Agent,
\$6 EXCHANGE STREET
Portland, Me.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

The kind that with pass inspection. We carry the largest stock of R. R. Watches; just the right kind at the lowest prices, and we will give you time to pay for them. **McKENNEY, THE JEWELER, Monument Sq.**

Among Investments

Policies of Life Insurance occupy a recognized position of strength. While differing from bonds, stock and other property in manner of purchase and income returns, their value is all the more emphasized by the variation.

Among Policies

Those issued by the **UNION MUTUAL** are unsurpassed in all the features that produce

Unwavering Protection Liberal Values Substantial Profit

Details of our plans gladly told.

Union Mutual Life Insurance Company,
Portland, Maine.

WORMS

Hundreds of Children and adults have worms but are treated for other diseases. The symptoms are—indigestion, with a variable appetite, foul tongue, offensive breath; hard and full belly with occasional gripings and pains about the navel; heat and itching sensation in the rectum and about the anus; eye heavy and dull, itching of the nose; short, dry cough; grinding of the teeth; starting during sleep; slow fever; and often in children, convulsions.

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

is the best worm remedy made. It has been in use 47 years. It is purely vegetable, harmless and effectual. Where no worms are present it acts as a Tonic, and corrects the condition of the mucous membrane of the stomach and bowels. A positive cure for Constipation and Biliousness, and a valuable remedy in all the common complaints of children. Price 50c. Ask your druggist for it. Dr. J. F. TRUE & Co., Auburn, Me., is the sole manufacturer. Write for free pamphlet.

WALL PAPER
Season of 1900.

Prices—Right,
Designs—Novel.

LORING, SHORT & HARMON.

SEEING IS BELIEVING, AND IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO LOOK.

CHAMBER SUITS.

Tier upon tier have been sold until but a few remain. But the last and best ones have now been put on sample and must go. No words can picture the beauty of these suits.

They Must Be Seen
—TO BE—
APPRECIATED.

If you ever intend to buy a suit buy now here and at the lowest prices.

DINING CHAIRS.

Bought before the combination advanced their prices and offered to you as below. Partial list on hand.

	Wholesale Combination Price.	Our Price.
36	\$1.00	\$1.00
72	1.25	1.25
120	1.37	1.29
48	1.37	1.29
54	1.50	1.37

We have promised not to display them at the price in our window, but they can be seen on our Dining Room floor.

OFFICE OF
SOUTHWORTH BROS.,
101-109 MIDDLE ST.

Portland, Maine.

ATKINSON FURNISHING CO.,
City.

Gents:--We have just leased our factory building to A. F. Cox & Son, and as you are storing several carloads of furniture with us, we must ask you to move the same at once. Yours very truly,

Southworth Bros.

In six days everything must be out of the storehouse as per notice. What is our loss is your gain. And just when you need the goods you can buy them at cost.

PARLOR TABLES.

Over in one corner is a pile of about 90 in 6 patterns.

3 Golden Oak,
1 Antique Oak,
2 Int. Mahogany.

They are from one of the largest and best factories in Jamestown. They came in in January. Never have been sampled until now, but they must go, hence the price 1.29, 1.59, 1.69, 2.19, 3.19, 3.49.

WHITE ENAMEL IRON BEDS.

Only about half a car left.

One lot at	\$ 3.29
" " "	3.49
" " "	4.49
" " "	6.50
" " "	7.00
" " "	8.00
" " "	10.00
" " "	12.00
" " "	13.50
" " "	14.00
" " "	17.00
" " "	18.50
" " "	21.00
" " "	24.00

We will let you judge of their value.

31 FOLDING BEDS.

Only one pattern left to be sold at a discount of \$5.00 on each bed.

16 Oak Finished Chiffonieres.
Cut of \$2.00 on each.

113 Regular \$3.50 Springs.

To fit wood or iron beds. This sale

\$2.19.

ATKINSON FURNISHING CO.,

21 MONUMENT SQUARE.

L. CARLETON, Mgr.

BELIEVES IN PORTLAND.

Some Things Which May Operate to Build Up This Port.

Mr. E. F. Clements who is now in Portland believes in the future of this port. He is not actuated by sentiment when he says that Portland has a great future in store for it, but he grounds his belief on his observation and experience. He was in touch with the great plan of Austin Corbin to make Montauk Point at the eastern end of Long Island the terminal for the trans-Atlantic business which is now going to New York. This was the plan which Mr. Corbin first advanced and figured out. He was laughed at and told that the trans-Atlantic business would always be carried on through the port of New York but recently the great scheme of Mr. Corbin to build up this great port at this end of Long Island was brought back to mind when it was announced that the Pennsylvania Railroad who does its business quietly and without the blowing of trumpets or the use of advertising band wagons had obtained control of the Long Island railroad. was contemplating the erection of big piers at Montauk Point, the building of tunnels to connect Long Island with and within a few years would have shortened the trip from New York to England by just eleven hours by landing the steamships at Montauk instead of at New York.

Mr. Clements was in touch with this scheme and has another of his own which concerns Portland and which in time, he believes will be put into operation. "The American people," said Mr. Clements, "want plate glass. They want to travel in the most luxurious way, in the quickest possible time and are willing to pay for it. There is no money in catering for the great volume of travel. The poor man's time is not as much an object to him as it is to the man of affairs and the wealthy. The poor man looks at the dollar and goes where there is reasonable comfort at a low rate. The rich man goes where the dollars expended bring rapid transit and luxurious surroundings on the railroad train and on the steamship.

"What I am to tell you now is by no means an idle dream. It is a project which is bound to be worked out and which will in time be adopted just as Mr. Corbin's Montauk Point scheme has been.

Mr. Clements took a map of this section of the continent and exhibited to his hearer. It included that section of the country east of the Mississippi, the Maritime Provinces, the Western ocean, Ireland, England, the continent of Europe. From the city of New York and Chicago on this map were drawn red lines along the existing railroad lines to Portland. From Portland was drawn a blue line to Yarmouth, Nova Scotia. Along the south coast of Nova Scotia running northward was another red line to Sidney. Then there was another blue line to Newfoundland, another red line across Newfoundland to St. John and from there another blue line across the Atlantic ocean to Valencia, Ireland. From Valencia across Ireland to Dublin was another red line.

"These red lines are railroads and the blue lines are steamship routes. The quickest trip across the Atlantic is now made from New York in a little over six days," said Mr. Clements. "I am not figuring altogether on speed in this contemplated route but it enters into this plan not a little. At New York a man bound for Europe can take a palatial

train run right through to Portland on express time and without change. In the sleeping car he will be landed on a dock alongside a magnificent Clyde built steamer some time about breakfast time. He boards the steamer with his baggage and at a twenty-knot clip sails out of Portland for Yarmouth, Nova Scotia. He has a beautiful sail along one of the most beautiful coasts in the world and by dark is at Yarmouth. There is now building from Yarmouth, N. S., northward, the South Coast railroad. This runs right up along the coast of Nova Scotia to Sidney and within a few years will be completed. At Sidney transfer is made to another magnificent steamship which takes the passenger over to the Newfoundland shore in a few hours. Here another palatial train is in waiting and the run made through Newfoundland to St. John's. There the swiftest passenger ship afloat would be in waiting. From St. John's to Valen-la, Ireland, the distance is 1500 miles. The Lucania or some of those crack ships could make this 1500 mile run in 68 hours, giving only two nights on the Atlantic and avoiding a greater part of that dangerous voyage along the Nova Scotia coast southward to New York. From Valencia, Ireland, to London or on the continent the usual lines of railroads and steamboats would be taken. In this proposed route there is a great variety of scenery and relief from the monotony of ocean travel. The route is through the most beautiful scenic region in this part of the American continent. The steamboat and railroad accommodations would be of the finest and the trip would be very expensive but would become the fashionable and rapid route to England and Europe."

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

KATHERINE ROBER.

Katherine Rober with a good supporting company began a return engagement in this city at the Jefferson last evening and the warm greeting which was accorded to her was the best evidence that her popularity among many Portland theatre-goers is of the enduring kind. She has a host of admirers and they turned out in goodly numbers to welcome her. Killarney was the opening play of her two weeks' engagement, and in it she finds a role suited to her lively and vivacious style of action, and it goes for the saying that she made the most of it and delighted the audience. She has with her a company the most of whom are known here and the success which was achieved on their last visit, earlier in the season, is likely to be repeated. The first matinee will be given today with Camille as the bill which will be followed in the evening by "Shall We Forgive Her?"

LED ASTAAY.

Last evening at the Portland theatre the Richards Stock company opened a week's engagement, presenting "Led Astray." Everyone knows that the atmosphere of this play is thoroughly French and that it is one of the problem plays so called, with many comedy situations. It needs quick, spontaneous action in order to maintain an unbroken interest. That a company made up in New York, only recently, for a Canadian trip, did as well as they did last evening is to their credit. The cast: Rodolph Chandonce, Mr. W. Richards Hector Placide, Mr. John M. Byrnes George De Lesparre, Mr. James C. Sheehan Baron Mount Gossline, Mr. Bertram Yost Major O'Hara, Mr. Harry Bewley La Fontaine, Mr. John R. Higgins La Fontaine, Mr. Harry Eddy

Armande Chandonce, Miss Cecilia Castelle Matilde Chandonce, Miss Violet Barney Susane O'Hara, Miss Marie Gilmer Countess Chandonce, Miss Grace Wood The players themselves do not call for any special individual mention. Miss Violet Barney has an attractive stage presence and acted in a sprightly manner and of course Mr. Richards was warmly received. Miss Camille Castelle gave a quiet and modest interpretation of Armande Chandonce while Miss Gilmer and Miss Grace Wood were satisfactory. Specialties were introduced, a catchy feature of which was Harry Brenley who was recalled four times, and Miss Violet Barney caught the plaudits of the audience. Miss Grace Wood and Bertram Yost won their share of applause.

There will be matinee and evening performances today.

NOTE.

Miss Annie Russell will appear at the Jefferson Thursday evening of this week instead of Monday next, as was erroneously announced in this column yesterday.

FESTIVAL CHORUS REHEARSAL.

The rehearsal of the Festival Chorus preliminary to the spring concert which will be given next week was in every respect gratifying and encouraging. About 250 members were present and they entered into the spirit of their work with most commendable zeal. Mr. Chapman was present and conducted, assisted at times by Mr. Cain, both of whom were more than pleased with the work of the chorus.

During the evening a committee waited upon Mr. Chapman and urged upon him the desirability of having some grand musical event in Portland during "Home Week." The proposition met with a most favorable response provided an orchestra, chorus and other accessories should be provided, commensurate with the great expectations of the occasion.

BEECHAM'S PILLS make life worth living. Cure Bilious and Nervous Disorders. 10 cents and 25 cents at drug stores.

Sweet As a Nut.

With a golden hue that suggests clean cows, good feed and tidy temps. Such is **Poland Creamery Butter**, a "June" butter the year round. There's not even a suspicion of forced output about it. Everything, from touch to taste, bespeaks for it a cleanliness and wholesomeness that you'd expect in a butter made by the owner of a private herd of full-blooded Jerseys. If you want the choicest butter made in Maine, buy Poland Creamery. 25 cents buys a pound.

O. C. Elwell,

794-796 Congress Street, Tel. No. 516-3. mar22:lt



STANDARD CLOTHING CO.

New Store, 544 Congress St.

A WONDERFUL CLOTHING SALE Men's Suits

By the Largest Manufacturers in New England.

BEAR IN MIND

We have a TAILORING DEPARTMENT where we make fine clothing to order.

Suits or Overcoats \$16.00 and upwards. We have an experienced tailor on the premises, **MR. JAMES McMAHON.**

MEN'S GOOD TROUSERS.

What you buy here is right. 35c, \$1.69, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.50 and upwards.

MEN'S BICYCLE SUITS.

Men's Bicycle Trousers, \$1.25, \$2.00, \$3.50 and \$5.00.

We are giving the public an object lesson in selling clothing—reliable clothing, clothing that we can recommend at the **LOWEST PRICES.**

Any and all kinds of clothing made to order. Shirts also.

STANDARD CLOTHING CO.,

New Store, No. 544 Congress St.

W. C. WARE, Manager.

may22:d1t



BATH BUNS---tomorrow and today.

A feathery, delicately browned creation, garnished with a dainty slice of glace citron—having just a suggestion of sweetness,—enough to please the childish taste and not too sweet for grown up people—may be eaten with or without butter—a capital change off from rolls and biscuits.

15c per sheet of twelve

STRAWBERRY SHORTCAKES.

Each, all two persons should eat—all one could!

10c

100 CASES FANCY EASTERN GROWN PLUMS.

Selected fruit conserved in a rich refined sugar syrup—one quart in a tin, 10 1-2c while they last

MISS KATHERINE ROBER PACKS THE JEFFERSON.

With her great production and fine supporting company, the way seats are selling for the balance of the weeks is a sure indication that this will be the banner business of the season. Notwithstanding the enormous expense of these great productions the prices are 10-30-30 cents, daily matinees 1000 seats at 10 cents.

WILL BE COMMITTEEMAN.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 21.—Former Senator Matthew Stanley Quay today announced himself as a candidate for reelection to the United States Senate. He added: "I know of no reason why I should not go back to the National committee as the member from Pennsylvania."

FROST YESTERDAY MORNING.

There was quite a heavy frost again yesterday morning.

The weather to-day is likely to be fair.

Portland, May 22, 1900.

THESE cool days are hardly suggestive of Hammocks, 'tis true, but the hot Summer days will soon be here and it is quite time to overhaul what was left from last season's outing and replenish the outfit.

The old Hammock will hardly go through another summer, perhaps, better be on the safe side and have a new one. Our stock of Hammocks (including those made by Palmer,) is very complete now and offers a broad choice for selection. One dollar gets a very good one, \$1.50 a better one with spreader, valence and pillow, and from that up to \$4.00 for the best Hammock made.

Fancy plaid straw Pillows, soft and comfortable, for use in the hammock, on the piazza or in the boat,—50c.

Grass lawn Cushions, 5c each.

Dishes for the summer cottage are here also. A splendid lot of German and French Porcelain (fire proof) in every conceivable style and shape.

The Golf goods are in the basement too. A complete stock of Clubs, including the Willie Dunn, Spalding and Harry Vardon lines, also those made by Crawford, McGregor & Canby, and others.

A very carefully selected assortment of Caddy Bags.

All the worthy makes of Golf Balls, including Practice Balls, Silvertown, Goodrich, Bramble, Eureka, Ocobo, Henley, Musselburgh and Agrippa, at 25c to 50c a dozen less than the same balls are being sold for elsewhere.

Old Balls remade, \$1.00 per dozen.

All requisites for the game of Tennis.

OWEN, MOORE & CO.

LOSS \$10,000.
INSURANCE \$3,000.

Often the case. Man was economizing (?) didn't have half enough insurance. His family is destitute now; take all of the insurance to pay his debts. If you've any property arrange to keep it—insure it. Best business men do.

WE REPRESENT THE GIANT COMPANIES.

DOW & PINKHAM.

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR A SAFE?

I have constantly on hand all sizes of the Morris & Ireland Safes. These are the best on the market. Also have second hand safes at all prices.

JOHN L. HYDE, State Agent for Maine for the Morris & Ireland Safe Co., 22 Exchange St. dim

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Quotations of Staple Products in the Leading Markets.

New York Stock, Money and Grain Market Review

(By direct private wire to Louis S. Colwell, manager of Price, McCormick & Co.'s branch office, No. 216 Middle street, Portland, Me.)

New York, May 21.—Up to the last hour of business today the stock market had been generally and pronouncedly weak, about that time a smart advance set in in Third Avenue and this was followed up by a general rise in the remainder of the market which closed at a fair recovery from the lowest level of the day. In view of the market at the close of last week, today's market must be regarded as quite disappointing, nearly every one expected to see the rise in prices continued but as a matter of fact there were a number of severe declines scored throughout the list.

The principal causes of the market's weakness was a disappointing attitude of London which quite a heavy sell here, and the outbreak of bubonic plague in the most of this circumstance and it was also said to be in part the cause of London's attitude toward this market. The most tangible developments in this respect was the quarantining by the state of Texas of all trains from California. It is not very easy to discuss this matter as everything depends upon the success the San Francisco health board will have in handling the disease.

The sharp rise in Third Avenue was thought to reflect the covering of a part of the old short interest which was still of sufficient volume as to cause the stock to lean flat.

Sugar had quiet a smart advance at the opening of business chiefly because all of the refining companies announced an advance in the price of their product but the stock afterward sagged back below the final figures of Saturday.

There were no changes in the money market or foreign exchange conditions, the latter being fairly firm, however. Estimates as to this week's gold shipments range from 1 1/2 to 3,000,000 with the probabilities that they will be nearer the first than the latter figure.

That today's declines were not altogether the result of short selling is apparent from the fact that there was a considerable reduction in the borrowing demand for stocks at the close of business.

NEW YORK, May 21.

Money on call was easy 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 2 1/2 to 2 3/4 per cent. Sterling Exchange was softer, with actual bid demand in bankers bills at 4 7/8 to 4 8/8 for demand and 4 7/8 to 4 8/8 for sixty days; posted rates at 4 3/4 to 4 5/4 and 4 8/8. Commercial bills at 4 5/8 to 4 7/8.

Silver certificates 60 1/2 to 60 3/4. Bar silver 60 1/2. Mexican dollars 47 1/2. Governments 47 1/2.

Slides.

The following quotations represent the paying prices in the market for the following:

Cow and steers..... 6 1/2 to 7 1/2
Hogs..... 5 1/2 to 6 1/2
Sheep..... 4 1/2 to 5 1/2

No 1..... 10 1/2 to 11 1/2
No 2..... 9 1/2 to 10 1/2
No 3..... 8 1/2 to 9 1/2

Butter..... 12 1/2 to 13 1/2
Eggs..... 14 1/2 to 15 1/2

Wheat..... 1 1/2 to 1 3/4
Corn..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Oats..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Barley..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Rye..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Clover..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Timothy..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Alfalfa..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Hemp..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Flax..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Soybeans..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Cotton..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Wool..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Hides..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Tallow..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Butterfat..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Lard..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Cocoa..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Spices..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Fruit..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Vegetables..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Grains..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Seeds..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Fertilizers..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Minerals..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Metals..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Chemicals..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Textiles..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Leather..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Rubber..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Glass..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Paper..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Books..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Stationery..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Furniture..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Clothing..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Shoes..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Hats..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Jewelry..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Optics..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Toys..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Games..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Amusement..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Sports..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Travel..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Education..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Religion..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Science..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Arts..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Literature..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
History..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Geography..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Mathematics..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Physics..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Chemistry..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Astronomy..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Medicine..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Law..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Theology..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Philosophy..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Psychology..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Sociology..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Economics..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Political Science..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Military Science..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Naval Science..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Agriculture..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Horticulture..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Forestry..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Fishing..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Hunting..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Golf..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Baseball..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Football..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Basketball..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Tennis..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Cricket..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Rugby..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Boxing..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Fencing..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Judo..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Karate..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Martial Arts..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Gymnastics..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Acrobatics..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Circus..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Sideshow..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Carnival..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Fairs..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Expositions..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Conventions..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Meetings..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Assemblies..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Conferences..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Symposia..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Seminars..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Workshops..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Factories..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Offices..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Stores..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Warehouses..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Houses..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Shops..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Restaurants..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Hotels..... 1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Wheat.....	1 1/2 to 1 3/4
Corn.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Oats.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Barley.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Rye.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Clover.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Timothy.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Alfalfa.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Hemp.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Flax.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Soybeans.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Cotton.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Wool.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Hides.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Tallow.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Butterfat.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Lard.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Cocoa.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Spices.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Fruit.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Vegetables.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
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Seeds.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Fertilizers.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
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Science.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Arts.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
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History.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Geography.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Mathematics.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Physics.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Chemistry.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Astronomy.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Medicine.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Law.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Theology.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Philosophy.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Psychology.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Sociology.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Economics.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Political Science.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Military Science.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Naval Science.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Agriculture.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Horticulture.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Forestry.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Fishing.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Hunting.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Golf.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Baseball.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Football.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Basketball.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Tennis.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Cricket.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
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Judo.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
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Restaurants.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Hotels.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2

Wheat.....	1 1/2 to 1 3/4
Corn.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Oats.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Barley.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Rye.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Clover.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
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Hemp.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Flax.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Soybeans.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Cotton.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Wool.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Hides.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Tallow.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Butterfat.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Lard.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2
Cocoa.....	1 1/4 to 1 1/2

THE PRESS.

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

U. S. Marshal Saunders spent Sunday with his family at home in Ellsworth. Many horsemen all over New England are wondering what is to become of Righy park this season. It can be authoritatively stated that no arrangements have as yet been made. Treasurer Small of the Maine Mile Track association which has always controlled the racing at this park said yesterday that the park would probably be sold or leased to outside parties. "I have had many inquiries about this matter of late," stated Mr. Small. There will be racing of some kind at the park this year.

Clerk Davis of the United States courts, who has been laid up with illness, has recovered.

Secretary Rich of the board of trade believes that this summer is to be one of the most prosperous that Maine has ever known.

Within a few days the barbers of the city will meet to decide upon a date for a field day.

Already many people in the city are making arrangements to attend the G. A. R. encampment which is to be held at Chicago on the first week of September. As in past years there will be a large number of people outside of the ranks of the Grand Army who will take advantage of the low rate of fare offered on the railroads and will go to the encampment.

The veteran John M. Todd will probably be heard on the political stump during the coming campaign. He is as active and vigorous as he was twenty years ago when he espoused the cause of Greenbackism.

It is announced that Senator Frye will participate in the campaign in the state of Indiana.

Members of the athletic department of the Y. M. C. A. are talking of organizing a baseball nine. There is some good material among these members and Director Ross thinks that a strong team could be secured.

Park Commissioner Smith is devoting a great deal of time towards beautifying the different parks throughout the city. He says that all of the parks will look better than ever this summer. As yet there have been no additions to the attractions in the "zoo" at Deering park.

The Primary and Junior Teachers' Union will meet at the Camera club room, Y. M. C. A. building this afternoon at 4.30 p. m. Lesson for the following Tuesday will be taught by Miss Mary E. Plummer, First Baptist church. All teachers are invited.

Eight boys were before the Municipal court yesterday morning for breaking down the fence around the old skating rink at the foot of Chestnut street. The fence belongs to John F. Proctor. The boys were fined one dollar each and the costs were divided among them.

There will be a meeting tonight to see if the grammar school principals and the high school principals will arrange to have a parade of school children as a part of the Old Home Week celebration.

The small pox cases at the post house are doing well and no fatal results are at present apprehended.

Jacob Singer, motorman of the Portland Railroad company, left on Saturday night Pullman for Halifax, called there by the illness of his aged mother.

A case of diptheria at No. 36 Fox street has been reported to the board of health.

Word has been received by Portland parties that the schooner Major Pickands, well known here, ran into a scow in New York harbor Friday, completely overturning the scow. The damage to the schooner, which was anchored in the narrows, was not stated.

The car shop of the Grand Trunk has just received a generous application of white wash from the "white wash" engine from Montreal.

The drawtenders of Vaughan and Tukey's bridge have returned the following statistics of travel over those structures on the first Tuesday in May. They indicate the increase in summer travel. Over Vaughan's there were 832 vehicles; persons riding, 1,146; pedestrians, 410. Tukey's, 883 vehicles; 322 pedestrians and 1,200 persons riding.

Judge Webb was yesterday distributing among his friends some fine photographs of himself which were recently taken.

One of the visitors to this city last week was Captain Joseph P. Ouellet, a well known military officer of Halifax. He inspected the auditorium and was much pleased with it, warmly congratulating Janitor Brown on the neat condition of the entire building.

The rain which came yesterday noon was a surprise as nearly everybody had settled down to the hope that fair weather was at last to prevail.

Alderman Moore intends to again bring up the subject of free baths at the next meeting of the city government. He states that there is a demand for free baths among many of the people of this city and that these needs have got to be attended to.

There will be a meeting at room nine, City building, at 8 p. m. today of the Fresh Air society.

Senator Clark of Montana and his family are making a determined effort to keep from newspapers all accounts of the wedding of his daughter next Monday.

RIVER HIGH AT RIVERTON.

The river at Riverton park has been quite high during the past few days. On Sunday the river flowed over the wharf in the park, but yesterday the water receded and the river assumed its natural flow. The workmen are busily engaged about the park and are making improvements for the opening of the summer season which occurs in about three weeks.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

DAMAGE A THOUSAND.

Fire in Plow Works of John J. Frye.

Second Alarm Not Pulled in by Department.

Other Buildings Threatened for Time.

Police Were Obligated to Rope the Crowd Off.

The alarm of fire from box 5 at 7.30 o'clock last night was on account of a blaze that caused a great deal of smoke, being discovered in the agricultural works of Alderman John J. Frye at 23 Preble street. A small boy who was the first to recognize the import of the fire ran to the head of Preble street and notified Officer Frank Merrill who pulled in the box.

The fire was in the rear building of the lot which is owned by Alderman Frye and which extends back some one hundred and fifty feet from the street. This building is a wooden structure, two stories and a half high. The lower floor was used as a blacksmith shop and the two upper floors as store rooms. The fire undoubtedly caught from a spark in the forge which is always left burning at night. The flames spread up along the chimney and through the second and third floors and at one time also gave signs of communicating to more than one of the several adjoining buildings. Particularly was this true of the comparatively recently constructed building owned by the Isiah Frye estate, southerly of Alderman Frye's plant. A number of the office force of the Isiah Frye department several times called out to Chief Engineer Eldredge that they were in instant need of relief. On investigation it was found that the cause of this anxiety was smoke. The firemen worked with no little skill and deserve much credit for preventing the flames from spreading. After being busily engaged for about three-quarters of an hour the department had extinguished every spark. Once the men stopped in their operations of pulling apart the flooring between the first and second stories, the foreman of Alderman Frye appearing on the scene at the nick of time to say that on the second floor had been placed a lot of machinery weighing twenty-three or twenty-four tons which would be sure to drop down and cause any amount of injury unless this work should cease. The firemen were quick to take the hint and to thank the foreman for his thoughtfulness.

Alderman Frye was at his home in Deering when the fire broke out but his bookkeeper was soon at hand and telephoned him. The alderman arrived just before the fire had been put out and after making a hurried examination of the scene stated that his loss would be about \$1,000. He said that he had an insurance of \$3,500 in the agency of Prentiss Loring & Son. Quite a lot of smoke entered all of his buildings and his loss in this respect will amount to something, although not a large sum.

One of the largest crowds that has gathered at a fire for a long time was present. Somebody outside of the department had taken the pains to ring in a second alarm, a proceeding which was wholly unnecessary as it called out five parts of the apparatus, including parts from the Deering district. Chief Engineer Eldredge in commenting upon this needless expense stated that, this made the second time during the last six months that some person had seen fit to ring in a second alarm. He thought that a rule should go into effect that nobody outside of the fire department should be allowed to sound a second alarm. The members of the department, the chief believed, could be relied upon to exercise sufficient discretion as to the need of a second alarm.

Marshal Sylvester and Deputy Frith and Deputy Chenery were in attendance during the whole of the fire and on account of the big crowd were obliged to stretch ropes. The best of order prevailed throughout, the police experiencing no trouble. Traffic on the street car lines to Deering and Westbrook was crippled to that extent that the Portland terminus of these lines was at the corner of Cumberland street instead of at the head of Preble.

ROBBED OF \$25.

Yesterday morning a man badly under the influence of liquor came to the police station complaining that he had been robbed of \$25. He said he had been a stranger in the city and had met some men Sunday afternoon, with whom he scraped acquaintance. They had numerous drinks together and he remembered that he had become badly intoxicated. The next thing he realized was when he woke up in a strange place yesterday morning, he was minus his money about \$25. In a dazed condition he wandered forth and finally came to the station with a complaint. He had forgotten, however, where he passed the night and the police thus far are unable to locate the place.

DECISION FAVORS BECKHAM.

Washington, D. C., May 21.—The Kentucky governorship case was today decided by the United States supreme court

in the interest of Beckham affirming the decision of the Kentucky court of appeals. The opinion in the case was not unanimous, some of the justices dissenting.

J. R. Libby Co

Housekeeper's "Old Home-Week-Preparation" Sale.



Bleached Remnants.

One thousand five hundred yards of fine quality Bleached Cotton, much like "Fruit-of-the-Loom" yard wide. This sale price 51c

Unbleached.

Two thousand yards extra good 36 inch wide Unbleached Cotton, cut what you want, or by the piece, This Sale at 5c

Fruit of Loom.

Two thousand yards, yard wide "Fruit-of-the-Loom" Bleached Cotton. This sale price, 8c

None sold to dealers; not more than one piece to one customer.

42 inch.

One great lot Cabot Bleached Cotton, soft finish, 42 inches wide, full pieces, or cut. This sale at 8c

Lockwood.

Two thousand yards Lockwood Unbleached Cotton, yard wide. This sale price, 6c

42 in. Lockwood.

Only one case in this lot, Lockwood Unbleached Cotton, 42 inches wide, this sale at 8 1/2c

Constitution.

Unbleached, 42 inches wide, this sale price 7c

Constitution 45 in.

One case, 45 inch Constitution unbleached cotton, this sale price 8c

Bleached Lockwood.

42 inches wide. 9 1/2c

Nine Quarters.

One great lot unbleached sheeting, good firm quality, 9-4 wide at 16c

9/4 Bleached.

Excellent quality. This sale 17c

Home week Preparation Sale of Sheets and Pillow Cases.

We bought these goods months ago to hold for a rise.

But we've caught the "Old Home Week enthusiasm and shall sell sheets (in many cases) at less price than the present price of the cloth of which they are made.—Fact!

J. R. LIBBY CO.

45c.

The well known "Columbia" Sheet, firm cotton, each sheet measures 81 inches wide, 89 inches long, 3 inch top hem. Price 45c

49c.

The Bargainest Bargain of the entire collection, 81 by 90 inches. "Family" choice Bleached Cotton, 3 inch top hem, 49c. Listen. The cloth of which this 49c sheet is made is 25 yard today, 3 1/4 yards cloth at 55c, 57 1/2c, and you get the same up sheet hemmed and laundered for 49c

56c.

"Fruit-of-the-Loom" Cotton, every one so ticketed, 81 by 90 inches. This sale at 56c

Put this and that together, Fruit-of-the-Loom Bleached Cotton is 25c a yard at present.

2 1/4 yards costs 62 1/2c. We sell you the Fruit-of-the-Loom Sheets all made for "Scourous, isn't it?" 56c

58c.

"Atlantic" Bleached, almost as sturdy as the ocean of that name and not nearly so capricious, 81 by 90 inches, 58c

"Dwight-Anchors" Bleached, you know what it is, the sheets measure 81 by 90 inches. This sale price, 59c

62 1/2c.

Bigger Dwight-Anchors Sheets, 81 by 99 inches, 62 1/2c

Now the Pillow Cases.

Good quality Bleached Cotton, plain hem, price each, 40 1/2 by 36 inches. 7c

10c.

Better grade of Pillow Cases, plain 3 inch hem, size 42 by 36 inches. Price each, 10c

11c.

Extra fine cotton, 42 by 38 1/2 inch plain 3 inch hem, 11c

12 1/2c

Made of Boston Bleached Cotton, hemstitched hem, much under price! size 40 1/2 by 36 inches, for 12 1/2c

14c.

"Fruit-of-the-Loom" Bleached Cotton, every one so ticketed, size 42 by 38 1/2 inches. This sale at 14c

15c.

Bigger "Fruit-of-the-Loom" Pillow cases, every one so ticketed, size 45 by 38 1/2 inches, 15c

This is a grand opportunity for Hotels, Boarding Houses, and families to stock up with Sheets, and Pillow Cases at (an average of) less than the cotton costs in the piece.

Dining Table Linen Furnishings.

50c. Ten different styles choice Linen Damask, 66 inches wide; fine texture; full bleached. Price per yard 50c

J. R. LIBBY CO.

62 1/2c.

Six different patterns, pure Linen Damask, 70 and 72 inches wide. A Bargain at 62 1/2c

Napkins.

A great lot of many styles, napkins enter this "Old Home week Preparation" Sale. All Linen, fine texture, choice patterns 22 by 22 inches size. Regular price per dozen \$1.75. "O-H-W-P" Sale price \$1.25



Towels.

One great lot strictly all Linen Huck Towels, size 18 by 36 inches, "O-H-W-P" Sale price 12 1/2c

Diaper.

18 inch, warranted All Cotton, good texture, 10 yards in a piece. Price per piece 36c

Crash.

Warranted all Linen, water-soaker 15 inches wide, per yard 5c

Blankets for "O-H-W-P"

Slightly imperfect. Twenty-five pair Cotton and wool white Blankets, a trifle dusty on outside fold. Our \$2.50 and \$2.00 quality "O-H-W-P" Sale price per pair, \$1.49

47c.

"Cottage" Blankets, nice for chilly summer nights. During "Old-Home-week, white with colored borders, also gray and tan with colored borders, also plain white without borders. "O-H-W-P" Sale price, pair, 47c

White Quilts for "O-H-W-P"

Sale. Small lot white Quilts having manufacturer's imperfections. These goods if perfect would be worth \$2.50 to \$3.50 each. This Sale price 49c

Crochet.

One lot full size white Crochet Quilts, Marseilles patterns. This Sale price 89c

Better.

One lot extra heavy white Quilts, marseilles patterns, the \$1.50 quality for 98c

"O-H-W-P" Sale of Lace

Curtains. Plain Muslin, Ruffled Curtains 2 1/2 yds long. This Sale price per pair, 39c

J. R. LIBBY CO.

Nottingham, white only 50c

Half Pairs.

One lot of Single Lace Curtains (Nottingham) were used by manufacturer's Agents as Samples to sell their stock by. would be if paired \$1.00 2.00, 3.00 a pair. These Singles at 29c each

Curtain Bargain.



Fifty pair Nottingham Lace Curtains, white and ecru, Dollar value. "O-H-W-P" Sale price 69c

Tapestry.

Twenty pair Tapestry Portieres that have been used in our Show windows as decorations slightly soiled. Regular price \$3.75. "O-H-W-P" Sale price 98c

Calico Bargains.

One great lot best quality high Shirting print Remnants, "O-H-W-P" Sale price 3 1/2c

Silk Novelty.

Not made of Silk, but silk surface finish; imitation Foulard styles, price 5c

Art Drapery.

One lot "Gobelin Art Drapery, much like cretonne, only much better, 35 inch 19 choice styles. Price 10c

Silkolene.

Many pretty patterns, 30 inches wide, This sale price 5c

Scotch(y) Organdie muslin, light

colors, light, 5c

"The Ribbonette."

Mrs. Dav' export who is demonstrating this cute little contrivance at the Ribbon Counter, says it is one of the most practical little devices for prettifying the neck that she ever saw.

Take any Ribbon, and with a simple turn of the wrist attach to it the Ribbonette, throw it around your neck, and look in the looking glass. And there you are—

J. R. LIBBY CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PLANTS FOR Bedding and Vases

We are ready to assist you in supplying the flower pot and vases with proper material to make them beautiful during Old Home week.

The preparation for this plant display has been going on all winter. You only see the beautiful results of the days, and months, work of the men who have toiled under the glass.

New varieties are coming from Plantdom almost daily. If you do not find what you want today, come tomorrow or the next day as the front of our store will be a bower or growing, budding plants until the middle of June.

Kendall & Whitney,

Federal and Temple Sts. m2200d3t



Best Safety Razor Made. No Danger of Cutting the face. Price \$1.75 Each.

N. M. Perkins & Co.,

8 FREE STREET. m222 dtf

YACHTSMEN A-H-O-Y

Your craft will soon be in commission, and our new Yachting Caps will make you look more trim and ship-shape.

Coe, THE HATTER,

197 Middle St. GEO. A. COFFIN MGR.



PAINT The kind that both wears and looks well. HAY'S Middle St. PAINT Store

Reynolds' Trunk and Bag Store

Buy your Trunks, Bags and Dress Suit Cases direct of the manufacturer and save money. Old Trunks taken in exchange for new ones. Goods delivered free anywhere within 5 miles of Portland. We give trading stamps. Trunks and Bags repaired. Open evenings. Just Above Shaw's. 539 CONGRESS ST. ag2900d3m

REWARD.

A reward of \$10.00 will be paid to anyone who will produce a

\$25.00 BICYCLE EQUAL TO THE \$19.00 INDIAN.

EASTERN ARMS & CYCLE CO.,

Successors to John P. Lovell Arms Co., 180-182 MIDDLE ST. may22-3t

Maine Medical Association.

The forty eighth annual meeting of this Association will be held at Portland, in City Building, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, June 13, 14 and 15, 1900. CHAS. D. SMITH, M. D., may22-63w Secretary.

WEDDING GIFTS.

Everyone is called upon at some time to select a wedding gift. We have a fine line of Sterling Silver and Cut Glass to choose from, and if you are undecided in your choice why not allow us to make a few suggestions. Highest Quality. Moderate Prices.

Geo. H. Griffen

500 Congress St.

CARPETS CLEANED CORRECTLY

FOSTERS, 13 Preble St Telephone 202.

SCREEN DOORS

—AND— WINDOW SCREENS. N. M. PERKINS & CO. 8 Free St. mar23 5th09d3t

EYES BAD

That's Too Bad.

But we can make you see just as well as ever. We guarantee a perfect fit or we refund your money. We make and repair all kinds of glasses in our own factory on the premises. A complete stock of Gold, Gold Filled and Nickel Frames of every description.

McKenney,

THE OPTICIAN, Monument Square. mar23 5th09d3t